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Professional and Business Cards not exceeding six lines, One year.....$5 00
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Estray, or other short Notice.....1 50

Advertisements not marked with the number of insertions desired, will be continued till forbid and charged according to these terms.

Local or Special Notices, 10 cents a line for single insertion By the year at a reduced rate.

Our prices for the printing of Blanks, Handbills, etc. are reasonably low.


## Professional & Business Cards.


DR. A. B. BRUMBAUGH, Having permanently located at Huntingdon, offers his professional services to the community.
Office, the same as that lately occupied by Dr. Luden on Hill street. apl0,1866

DR. JOHN McCULLOCH, offers his professional services to the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity. Office on Hill street, one door east of Reed's Drug Store. Aug. 25, '65.

R. ALLISON MILLER, —DENTIST,
Has removed to the Brick Row opposite the Court House. April 13, 1859.

E. J. GREENE, DENTIST.
Office removed to Leister's New Building, Hill street, Huntingdon. July 31, 1867.

MORRISON HOUSE, HUNTINGDON, PENN'A.
JOHN S. MILLER, Proprietor.
April 6, 1870.

A. P. W. JOHNSTON, SURVEYOR & INSURANCE AGENT, HUNTINGDON, PA.
Office on Smith street. my17'69

J. SYLVANUS BLAIR, ATTORNEY AT LAW, HUNTINGDON, PA,
Office on Hill street, three doors west of Smith. '75'69

J. HALL MUSSER. B. R. FLEMING.
MUSSER & FLEMING, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, HUNTINGDON, PA.
Office second floor of Leister's building, on Hill street. Pensions and other claims promptly collected. my26'69

AGENCY FOR COLLECTING SOLDIERS' CLAIMS, BOUNTY, BACK PAY AND PENSIONS.
All who may have any claims against the Government for bounty, back Pay and Pensions, can have the same promptly collected by applying either in person or by letter to.
W. H. WOODS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, aug12,1868 HUNTINGDON, PA.

K. ALLEN LOVELL, ATTORNEY AT LAW, HUNTINGDON, PA.
Special attention given to Collections of all kinds; to the settlement of Estates, &c; and all other legal business prosecuted with fidelity and dispatch. jan1.1867

JOHN SCOTT, SAMUEL T. BROWN, JOHN M. BAILEY
The name of this firm has been changed from SCOTT & BROWN, to
SCOTT, BROWN & BAILEY,
under which name they will hereafter conduct their practice as
ATTORNEYS AT LAW, HUNTINGDON, PA.
PENSIONS, and all claims of soldiers and soldiers' heirs against the Government, will be promptly prosecuted. May 17, 1865-tf.

P. M. Lytle & Milton S. Lytle, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, HUNTINGDON, PA.
Have formed a partnership under the name and firm of
P. M. & M. S. LYTLE,
And have removed to the office on the south side of Hill street, fourth door west of Smith.
They will attend promptly to all kinds of legal business entrusted to their care. ap7-tf.

JOSEPH ABT, MANUFACTURER OF AND DEALER IN WILLOW AND SLEIGH BASKETS,
Of all sizes and descriptions,
ALEXANDRIA, HUNTINGDON CO., PA.
June 9, 1869-tf

LOSSES PROMPTLY PAID.

No Assessments!! HUNTINGDON INSURANCE AGENCY. Fire & Life Insurance.
G. B. ARMITAGE, HUNTINGDON, PA.
Represt at the most reliable Companies in the County. Rates as low as is consistent with reliable indemnity. sep 2, '68.

Capital Represented over $14,000,000.

BLANKS! BLANKS! BLANKS

| | |
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| CONSTABLE'S SALE, | ATTACH'T EXECUTION |
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| SCHOOL ORDERS; | JUDGMENT NOTES. |
| LEASES FOR HOUSES, | NATURALIZATION B'KS. |
| COMMON BONDS, | JUDGMENT BONDS, |
| WARRANTS, | FEE BILLS, |

NOTES, with a waiver of the $300 Law.
JUDGMENT NOTES, with a waiver of the $300 Law.
ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT, with Teachers.
MARRIAGE CERTIFICATES, for Justices of and Ministers of the Gospel.
COMPLAINT, WARRANT, and COMMITMENT, in case of Assault and Battery, and Affray.
SCIERE FACIAS, to recover amount of Judgment.
COLLECTORS' RECEIPTS, for State, County, School, Borough and Township Taxes.
Printed on superior paper, and for sale at the Office o the HUNTINGDON GLOBE.
BLANK, of every description, printed to order, neatly at short ne ice, and on good Paper.

W. H. WOODS, W. B. LEAS, JAMES NORTH
B. MILTON SPEER, DAVID BARRICK
The Union Bank of Huntingdon
(Late John Bare & Co.,)
HUNTINGDON, PA.
CAPITAL, paid up, $50,000
Solicit accounts from Banks, Bankers and others. Liberal Interest allowed on time Deposits. All kinds of Securities, bought and sold for the usual commission.—Collections made on all points. Drafts on all parts of Europe supplied at the usual rates.
Persons depositing Gold and Silver will receive the same return with interest. The partners are individually liable to the extent of their whole property for all Deposits.
The unfinished business of the late firm of John Bare & Co. will be completed by The Union Bank of Huntingdon 23.-1869-tf C. C. NORTH, Cashier.

WINDOW CURTAIN PAPERS
A LARGE STOCK
AND
SPLENDID ASSORTMENT
OF
Window Curtain Papers,
JUST RECEIVED
AT
LEWIS' BOOK STORE.



# The Globe.

WM. LEWIS, HUGH LINDSAY, Publishers. —PERSEVERE.— TERMS, $2,00 a year in advance.

VOL. XXV. HUNTINGDON, PA., TUESDAY, MAY 24, 1870. NO. 45.



## HOW TO CURE CONSUMPTION.

THE PHILOSOPHY OF DR. SCHENCK'S GREAT MEDICINES.—Will people never learn to know that a diseased liver and stomach necessarily disease the entire system? The plainest principles of common sense teach this and yet there are hundreds who ridicule the idea, and continue in the course which almost inevitably brings them prematurely to the grave. Living as the majority of the people do, at complete variance with the laws of nature, it must be apparent to all that, sooner or later, nature will revenge herself. Hence we find that persons who indulge to excess in the use of very rich or indigestible food or intoxicating drinks, invariably pay a heavy penalty in the end. The stomach becomes disordered and refuses to act; the liver fails to perform its functions, dyspepsia and its attendant evils follow, and still the suffering individuals persist in clinging to the thoroughly exploded idea of the past. Dr. SCHENCK'S medicines are recommended to all such. They bring sure and certain relief wherever they are used as directed, and all that is necessary to establish their reputation with every ailing man or woman in the landis a fair and impartial trial of them. Let those who are skeptical on this point, and who have permitted interested persons to prejudice them against these now celebrated remedies for consumption, discard their prejudices, and be governed by the principles of reason and common sense. If the system is disordered depend upon it, in nine cases out of ten the seat of the disorder will be found in the stomach and liver. To cleanse and invigorate the stomach and to stimulate the liver to healthy action, use

SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS.—The daily increasing demand for these pills in the best evidence of their value. Thousands upon thousands of boxes are sold daily. Why? Simply because they act promptly and efficiently Invalids who may not find it convenient to call on Dr. SCHENCK in person are informed that full and complete directions for use accompany each package of the

MANDRAKE PILLS, PULMONIC SYRUP AND SEAWEED TONIC.—These medicines will cure consumption unless the lungs are so far gone that the patient is spitting beyond the reach of medical relief.

It may be asked by those who are not familiar with the virtues of these great remedies, "How do Dr. Schenck's medicines effect their wonderful cures of consumption?" The answer is a simple one. They begin their work of restoration by bringing the stomach, liver and bowels into an active healthy condition. It is God that cures this formidable disease. SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS act on the liver and stomach, promoting healthy secretion, and removing the bile and slime which have resulted from the inactive or torpid condition of those organs, and of the system generally. This digestive state of the body, and the consequent accumulation of the unhealthy substances named prevent the proper digestion of food, and, as a natural consequence creates disease, which results in prostration and finally in death.

SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP and SEAWEED TONIC, when taken regularly, mingle with the food, and the digestive organs, make good and rich blood, and as a natural consequence, give flesh and strength to the patient. Let the ficurity say what it may, this is the only true cure for consumption. Experience has proved beyond the shadow of a doubt, and thousands are to-day alive and well who a few years since were regarded as hopeless cases, but who were induced to try Dr. SCHENCK'S remedies, and were restored to permanent health by their use.

One of the first steps the physician should take with a consumptive patient is to invigorate the system. Now how is this to be done? Certainly not by giving medicines that exhaust and enervate—medicines that impair instead of improve the functions of the digestive organs Dr. SCHENCK'S medicines cleanse the stomach and bowels of all substances which are calculated to irritate or weaken them. They create an appetite—promote healthful digestion—make good blood, and, as a consequence, they invigorate and strengthen the entire system and more especial by those parts which are diseased. If this cannot be done, then the case must be regarded as a hopeless one.

If the physician finds it impossible to make a patient feel hungry, if the deceased person cannot partake of good nourishing food and properly digest it, it is impossible that he can gain in flesh and strength; and it is equally impossible to bring a patient to this condition so long as the liver is inactive and with decreased bile, and the stomach laden with unhealthy slime.

Almost the first request made to the physician by a consumptive patient is that he will prescribe medicines that will allay the cough, night sweats and chills, which are the sure attendants on consumption. But this should not be done, as the cough is only an effort of nature to relieve itself, and the night sweats and chills are caused by the diseased lungs. The remedies ordinarily prescribed do more harm than good. They impair the functions of the stomach, impede healthy digestion, and aggravate rather than cure the disease.

There is, after all, nothing like facts which is to substantiate a position, and it is upon facts that Dr. Schenck's relies. Nearly all who have taken his medicines in accordance with his directions have not only been cured of consumption, but, from the fact that these medicines act with wonderful power upon the digestive organs, patients thus cured speedily gain flesh. Cleansing the system of all impurities, they lay the foundation for a solid, substantial structure. Restoring these organs to health, they create an appetite. The food is properly assimilated—the quantity of blood is not only increased, but is made rich and strong and in the face of such a condition of things all disease must be banished.

Full directions accompany each of the medicines, so that it is not absolutely necessary that patients should see Dr. SCHENCK personally, unless they desire to have their lungs examined. For this purpose he is at his office, No. 15 North Sixth St., corner of Commerce, Phila., every Saturday, from 9 A. M. until 1 P. M.

Advice is given without charge, but for a thorough examination with the Respirometer the charge is $5.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic each, $1.50 per bottle, or $7.50 a half dozen. Mandrake Pills 25 cents a box. For sale by all druggists. Ap. 12 1y.

## GOOD BOOKS FOR ALL.

"BOOKS WHICH ARE BOOKS."

Here is a list of such Works as should be found in every Library—within the reach of every reader—Works to entertain, instruct and improve the mind. Copies will be sent by return post, on receipt of price.

*New Physiognomy*; or, Signs of Character, as manifested through Temperament and External Forms, and especially in the "Human Face Divine."—With more than One Thousand Illustrations. By S. R Wells. Large in one 12mo volume, 768 pages, handsomely bound, $3

*Man, in Genesis and in Geology*; or, the Biblical account of Man's Creation, tested by Scientific Theories of his Origin and antiquity.. By Joseph P. Thompson, D.D., LL.D. One vol., 12mo. $1

*Wedlock*; or, the Right Relations of the Sexes. Disclosing the Laws of Conjugal selection, and showing who may and who may not Marry. For both sexes. By S. R Wells. $1 50

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Inclose the amount in a registered letter, or in a P. O. Order, for one or for all the above, and address S. R. WELLS, Publisher, 389 Broadway, New York. Agents Wanted. Mch30

## PAPER! PAPER!! PAPER!!!

Tracing Paper,
Impression Paper,
Drawing Paper,
Deed Paper,
Tissue Paper,
Silk Paper for Flowers,
Perforated Paper,
Bristol Board,
Flat Cap Paper,
Foolscap Paper,
Letter Paper,
Commercial Note Paper,
Ladies' Gilt Edged Letter and Note Paper,
Ladies' Plain and Fancy Note Paper,
White and Colored Card Paper, in Packs and Sheets, or sale at LEWIS' Book, Stationery and Music Store.

COUNTRY DEALERS can buy CLOTHING from me in Huntingdon at WHOLESALE as cheap as they can in the as I have a wholesale store in Philadelphia.
H. ROMAN.


## THE IRISH EDITOR.

Me father was reared as a clerk in Hoboken,
The merchant he clerked for was named Miether Dod;
*Of all the young men, there was none like me father*
For he was the clerk, sir, that carried the hod.

Wan day he was climbin' upon a steep ladder,
With bricks in his hod and a brick in his hat;
And Joost as he slifted his foot for a second,
A rung it gave way, and the ould fool fell flat.

They sint for a coroner and then for a doctor,
The last was too late, and the former was not;
The inquest was held, and a verdict was given
'Twas "death from his drinkin' his whiskey too hot."

And thus I was left, sir, a swate little orphan,
Just twenty years old, and, with niver a cent;
Surrounded be those whose intention was only
To trate me with grace till me fortune was spent.

'Twas lucky I had such a good education,
By raising of makin' the fires for a school;
I wrote with mooch taste, and spoke Greek like a Hebrew—
At least I was told so by Teddy O'Toole.

So, what does I do but I starts a newspaper,
And called it the "Irishman's Morning Gazette."
Got paper, and printing and "items" on credit,
And talked of the sheet to whoever I met.

Ah, sure, but a mighty nate thing I made of it—
I told of gre at doings before they occurred;
I got up fresh murders for each of me issues,
And blackguarded all that I counted absurd.

I went into politics up to the handle,
And proved that the country was ruined Indade;
I called the postmaster a tief and a scoundrel,
And spoke well of free-love, free drinks and free trade.

I treated of things that were doing in Europe,
And wrote editorials all about kings;
I got up an illegant fanny news item
About a strange pig that was threubled wid wings.

I axed advertisements of patent quack dochtors,
I criticised actors and pictures and books,
And while a subscriber had paid a subscription,
I spake of the affable Mr.——'s good looks."

Och, murther, but didn't I lather the spalpeen
That vainly pretended to edit the "News;"
I called him a mane, egotistical twaddler,
Not worth the tobacco a gintleman chews.

Ah, sure, but, an illigant paper I made it,
That illigant paper, the "Morning Gazette;"
And all that was wantin' to finish me fortune,
Was that the subscribers I hadn't got yet.

Wan morning, Lawever, me whole vast edition
Was taken as quick as it came from the press;
The person who took thim was known as the sheriff,
And what was the raisin I leave you to guess.

Thinceforth I retired from the footsteol of gaulus
*And took a clerkship with old Miather Dod;*
And now, like me father, I'm known to my friends as,
The clerk that makes mortar and carries the hod.

## MISS WINTERGREEN'S LUCK.

"Wanted—A Wife."

"And I want a husband!" thought Miss Laurella Wintergreen.

Involuntarily she glanced toward the little mirror which hung between the windows opposite, as if mutely questioning herself as to the remains of her girlhood's beauty. Alas! the convex, too truthful, returned no encouraging verdict. For Miss Laurella Wintergreen was not so young as she had been, some four or five summers ago.

Forty years old, and lean and spare, with hair grown thin on the parting, and little crow's feet forming a lattice-work around her faded blue eyes. A plump old maid, with cheeks like a fall apple, and laughing, hazel eyes, is not such a disagreeable object to look upon; but a lean, shadowy, so to speak, "dessicated" old maid! Miss Laurella shuddered slightly as she turned away from the uncompromising reflection in the mirror

"Yes," added Miss Laurella Wintergreen to herself, "I do need a husband. I wonder how that particular paragraph in the paper happened to meet my eye just then. I don't believe in being bold or unfeminine; but what is a poor girl to do when fate has made no provision for the future? I'm sure I should make a good wife. I can cook; I'm handy with my needle; and I have a positive talent for housekeeping; and yet—"

Miss Laurella's sentence ended in a dejected sigh. Surely there was something essentially wrong in the planetary combinations which had glittered over the inauspicious hour of her birth.

"Wanted—A Wife!"

Miss Laurella Wintergreen looked around the scantily furnished little room, and eyed the one tea-cup on the tray, and the solitary pair of well-worn slippers that turned out their toes on the hearth-rug, with a distasteful glance. And then she drew out her memorandum book, jotted down the address, upon which her eyes had been longingly lingering, and put it into her pocket.

"At all events there can be no harm in trying," thought Miss Laurella.—"There are periods in a woman's life in which she must boldly take the helm of fate into her own hands."

Her toilette, this morning, was prolonged and fastidious; the wintry little curls were studiously and carefully brushed repeatedly round the stick, and the blue-ribbon bow was adjusted jauntily at her throat; while the powder puff, dabbed again and again over her brow and cheeks, vainly strove to stimulate the lily-bloom of youth. A black silk dress, and a round hat of black plush, with a knot of red and brown autumn leaves upon it, completed her preparations for the hand-to-hand conflict with Destiny, in which she was about to engage. For Miss Laurella Wintergreen had had enough of half measures. It was high time, she told herself, to be up and doing.

Nevertheless her heart throbbed with strangulating rapidity when she stood at the door of No. — Birch st., the address written down in her memorandum book.

"It's such a very embarrassing thing to do," she thought. "But then, if the gentleman has advertised, he can't be surprised if his appeal is answered."

A tall, well-looking servant man answered the bell. Miss Wintergreen congratulated herself that her future fate was rich, at any event, and in reply to the man's inquiring look, answered;

"I have come in reference to the—the advertisement in this morning's paper."

"Oh, the advertisement—yes'm," answered the man, as coolly as if advertisements were an every day affair in that household. "Please to walk in, mém."

And Miss Wintergreen, passing through an elegantly carpeted hall, found herself in a good-sized room beyond, where four or five other women were seated.

And such a motley crew! Laurella, glancing up through her vail, took a sort of mental stock of them at one look. A starched female in the corner, in rusty bombazine and a widow's cap, with the corners of her mouth drawn down in a half circle, sat contemplating her folded hands; a plump Irish woman in a gay delaine dress and very dirty gloves, was warming her substantial feet at the fender; two young women, who looked as if they might be "out on leave" from a factory, giggled at the window; and a hard faced woman in black sat on the sofa, with two red-headed little boys on either side of her.

And, these, thought Miss Laurella, with a contemptuous elevation of her nose, are my rivals.

"Take a cheer, Miss," said the man. "My master'll see you d'rectly."

"There is no hurry, my good man," said Miss Wintergreen, majestically.

Almost in the same breath the door beyond opened, and a fat old lady in a false front and spectacles, waddled out, breathing very hard, and wearing a flushed, indignant expression.

"He thinks I'm too old!" quoth this matron, looking round upon the assembled group. "I'd just like to know how old he is hisself, that I would! I never see nothin' like the airs some people puts on!"

And she went puffing out, like the Great Eastern, in a state of discomfiture.

"Now, then, mum," said the young man, beckoning to the lady of the bombazine and widow's cap, "if you'll please to walk in—"

The next minute the starched female had disappeared behind the panels of the door, which she opened and closed as cautiously as if it were the valve of some powerful steam engine. Miss Laurella pondered on the deliberate system which seemed to characterize the movements of the Great Unknown.

"It is very queer," she thought, "and yet there's something grand about it, too."

Meanwhile the factory girls giggled on, the Irishwoman warmed her feet, and the mother of the red-headed urchins administered tweaked ears and peppermint drops with laudable impartiality.

There was a general stir among them when the widow came mincing out from her audience in the presence-chamber.

"Well, an' what luck did yez have?" inquired the Coltic female, speaking boldly the question the others longed to ask, but dared not.

"This world is not governed by luck," sourly answered the widow, compressing her lips; "and I am thankful that my lot is not to be cast in with one who objects to daily services and a cold dinner on Sunday. Ah, me! I don't know what our wicked nation is coming to. My umbrella, please, young man."

So departed the widow in the odor of sanctity, and the mother of the red-headed boys was next ushered into the presence of the mysterious advertiser.

She had, however, been absent but a moment before she came bolting out, her flounces rustling stiffly, and her eyes blazing with wrath.

"A man who objects to two dear little boys as is like lambs about the house, an't no better than Herod!" she exclaimed. "Come, Adolphus and Algernon—come, my poor little angels, we'll go where we can be made welcome."

"An't we goin' to live here, mar?" demanded the elder one, whiningly.

"No, my poppet; we wouldn't demean ourselves to them as an't worthy of our notice. Come, darlings!" And away went the boys at a dog-trot, with their mother bristling after, and scolding all the way to the street door.

Miss Laurella's heart began to beat with renewed apprehensions.

"He's very hard to suit," she thought "I wonder if I shall please him?"

"May be, Miss, you'd better go in next," said the young man looking rather dubiously at the two factory girls and the red-faced daughter of Erin.

Miss Wintergreen rose up, giving her dress a shake, and instinctively feeling to see if the scanty curls hung right, and followed her guide into a handsome apartment, where a Liverpool coal fire burned on the marble hearth, and an array of books proclaimed a literary taste on the part of its occupant. Glancing timidly up, she saw a fine looking gentleman of about forty standing by the mantlepiece.

"Sit down, ma'am," he said, motioning her to a chair; and then, turning to his servant, he asked in a whisper:

"How many more of them are there, Patrick?"

"Only three of them, sir, barrin' this one."

"Three more!" he ejaculated, as if unconsciously. "I shall go crazy!—I'll have to get married in self-defence.

"I told yer honor that was the best way, all along," said Patrick, giving the fire an energetic poke, as he withdrew.

"Well, ma'am," said the gentleman, turning abruptly to Miss Wintergreen, "I suppose you want just what the rest do—an easy place, and nothing to do?"

Miss Laurella, rather taken by surprise at this unexpected speech, knew not what to say, so very sensibly said nothing.

"Are you a good cook?" he asked.

"Yes, sir," faltered our heroine.

"Understand the care of a house?"

"Yes, sir,"

"References."

"The very best, sir." Miss Wintergreen bridled here.

"How much do you expect a month.

"How much do I expect, sir?"

"Yes; what have you been having?"

"My means, sir, heretofore, have been limited, but—"

"But that's not the question," he interrupted sharply. "What do you expect from me?"

"As—as pin-money, sir?"

"No—as wages!"

Miss Wintergreen drooped her eyelashes.

"Pray, sir, do not deem me so mercenary!"

"Then what the deuce are you here for?" abruptly demanded her interlocutor. "I want a housekeeper, and I'm willing to pay her good wages, but I don't like all this boating about the bush."

"Yes, sir; but a wife—"

"Who's talking about a wife?" he shouted.

"Are not you? Did not you advertise for a wife?" breathlessly questioned Miss Laurella.

"No, I didn't! Do I look like a candidate for Bedlam?"

Miss Wintergreen fumbled faintly for the memorandum-book in her pocket.

"Isn't this No. — Birch street?—Didn't you—"

The gentleman snatched a newspaper from the table, and pointed to a paragraph in its columns.

"There is my advertisement. For a housekeeper."

And Miss Wintergreen saw, to her dismay, that she had penciled down the wrong address.

"I'm sorry for your disappointment," said the gentleman, with a grim smile, "but you may stay and keep house for me at sixteen dollars a month, if you like. You look neat and tidy, and—"

"But," with a look of ineffable disdain, Miss Wintergreen swept out of the room. A housekeeper, at sixteen dollars a month!—to dance talk thus to her, who had dreamed of orange blossoms and bridal white.

Miss Wintergreen never answered another advertisement, and she is still Miss Wintergreen.

## A Story of Fifty-two Prayer Meetings

"To be sure," said I to myself, one year ago the last week in December, "to be sure, this is the evening of our Church prayer meeting, but as I have not been there much this year, it is scarcely worth while to begin now.—I'll just wait until next week, and then begin all over the year right, and go all the time.

Well, it so happened that the first evening of the year fell upon the evening of the regular prayer-meeting, and there *was* none. Of course, although I wanted to go, I couldn't. The next week my neighbor and particular friend, Mrs. Lamb, gave a party. Now Mrs. Lamb is a member of our church, and most undeniably did wrong; but then she is a very dear friend of mine, and I can go to prayer-meeting every week of the year, but it is not every week I can accept an invitation from Mrs. Lamb: therefore, sorry as I was, I felt that I must go to the party. The next week Miss Kellogg was here.—Now, I work pretty hard, and am fond of music, and I need some entertainment, and I really felt it my duty to go there, for Miss Kellogg does not sing every week. You see I was at least excusable. The next week it snowed; the next it rained; the next it was terribly cold, and the next it was warm and thawing, and so wet under foot. The next week Gough lectured, and as I can go to prayer-meeting every week, I thought I might just for once go to hear Mr. Gough.—The next week I had a headache; the next a dress-maker; and the next, which was the twelfth, a very hard, cold. So you see I could not go any the first quarter. The following week it was very dark, and I had no company. The fourteenth I *was* going, but just as I was about to start I heard that our "beloved pastor" was away, and that Deacon Quickset would lead the meeting. Now I don't like Deacon Quickset. He was so unkind as to say, upon one occasion, that he believed that if I would make an effort I might get out to prayer-meeting; as if I were not constantly making an effort; and he ought to know that I always go when it is at all consistent.—He had better remember that "charity covereth a multitude of sins." I am sometimes *obliged* to be absent from prayer meeting, but I do *not* talk about my neighbors. As Deacon Q. was going to lead the meeting, I don't feel it *my duty* to go. The next week, I will confess, I forgot it until it was too late. The next week I started, but was so vexed to find that my time was too slow, and I was again late. The sixteenth I did not feel at all well, and the next I went to visit a sick friend. You know it is as much our duty to visit the sick as it is to attend meetings. The next week, unfortunately, there was a wedding in one of the other churches, to which I received an admission card, and I could go to prayer-meeting every week, and particularly as the bride's dress was to be *very* elegant,—the trail at least four yards long,—I just thought I would go to the wedding.—The next week I was very tired; it was our house-cleaning, and Bridget took it into her head to take this time of all others to get the *ague*; and then the week after that it was to warm to wear my hood and my new hat was not trimmed. For the next two months I was out of town, and I never *enjoy* going to social meetings where I am a stranger, and so I did not think it best to go. The first two weeks after I returned from my summer tour I was altogether too tired.—One's health is of the first importance. The next Wednesday, which was the thirty-fourth of the year, was a happy day for me. Nothing interfered with my regular established plans, and I went to the prayer meeting. How pleasant it was! I really think Mrs. Lamb ought to make an effort to go. I mean to speak to her about it. The thirty-fifth week my poor cousin wished me to stay at home with her; she was disappointed about going out herself, and she said as I went out last week she really thought I might. As I did not wish to seem ill natured, of course I could not refuse; do you think I could? The next week there was a heavy thunder storm, and I am afraid to go out when it lightens. The thirty-seventh, thunder again. I often wonder that Providence should interfere in this way with what really seems to be our duty. The thirty-eighth it was excessively warm, and the thirty-ninth was the only evening in the week when my regular dress-maker could fit my dress. The fortieth week there was to be a Bible agent, or something of that sort, and I hate agents. The forty-first there was a festival in another church, and as I am not a sectarian at all, and think it our duty to help one another, I thought I ought to be there. The next week I staid at home to write to my dear mother, I went riding the night before, and had an invitation to the theatre the next night, and so was obliged to take this night for my letter, though I was sorry. The following week I was obliged to stay at home to finish a tatting tidy I was making for the orphan fair. Surely the orphans must not be neglected; and the next week I was at the fair.—I should have gone to meeting, but they had put me upon a committee, quite against my wish; and the next week I was suffering from a severe cold, which I had contracted while working for the orphan fair. The forty-sixth I was rather obliged to go to another party, though I am principled against such things generally.—But if people will give parties on such nights, what can a person do? The forty-seventh, most unluckily, occurred upon the evening of my birthday. I could not help that, of course, and a person's birthday only comes once a year, and you can go to a prayer-meeting any time. So we thought it only right to be social, and we invited a few particular friends. One gets dropped out of society very soon if their invitations are not returned, and I have often heard ministers say that our social duties are nothing as compared as our religious ones, or at least something to that effect. The next week I started, but at the gate I met my dear young friend, who was getting ready to be married, and she was so anxious I should go with her, to give some orders respecting her wedding hat, that I could not refuse, particularly when she said she would trust no one's taste and judgment but mine. Besides, as she will only be married once, (at least not unless John should die), and I suppose it was my duty to go with her. The two following weeks I was just as busy as I could be, for we had decided to have a Christmas tree, and I was getting ready for it. I fully resolved to go after Christmas.—Well, the last week of the year had gone. I was tired and blue, and did not feel like going out, and it did seem to me that I had better wait for the New Year again, and then go all the time. But you see I really intended to do so this year; and Mrs. Lamb says she heard our minister say that God would give us credit for our really good intentions, and that is a great comfort, I am sure, and much more charitable and sensible than that other really profane remark, which I have heard vulgar people quote from some old-fashioned fellow, that "the way to hell is paved with good intentions."—*Packard's Monthly.*

SLATE PENCILS.—Twenty years ago, all the slate pencils used were manufactured in Germany. She then supplied America with this commodity. In 1850, there was a young man living in West Rutland, Vt., eighteen years of age, who fortunately discovered a supply of stone for making a first-class article of slate pencils. He began by whittling out the pencils and selling them to school children. Being a better article than for sale in the stores, he found a ready sale for all he could whittle out. He become possessed of the idea that there was a fortune in the business, and his dream has been realized. This quarry of slate pencil stone was situated in a large ravine, four miles north of Castleton, Vt., near Bomoseen Lake. The land on which it is situated was for sale at $100. He purchased it and began operations by sawing out the pencils and whittling them round. The business of making them grew immensely on his hands so that it was impossible to keep a clean order book. Machinery was invented to facilitate the process, which reached something like perfection, and enormously increased the production of pencils. At present the quarry and mills are owned by a joint stock company. They are valued at $300,000. From fifty to one hundred thousand pencils are turned out daily, and upwards of a hundred hands are employed in the quarry and in the mill.

A six weeks' bridegroom is missing from Indianapolis. He left a note for his papa-in-law authorizing him to draw on him for the necessary expenses of his bride, but neglected to state his future address hence the authority is not specially valuable.

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## Recipes.

FURNITURE POLISH.—Take two ounces of beeswax, cut fine; spirits of turpentine, one ounce: one drachm of powdered rosin; melt at a gentle heat, and add two drachms of Indian red to give it a mahogany color.

REPOLISHING FURNITURE.—Oiled furniture that has been scratched or marred may be restored to its original beauty simply by rubbing boiled linseed oil, used by painters, on the surface, with a wad of woolen rags. Varnished furniture, dulled, may be similarly restored by the use of a varnish composed of shellac dissolved in alcohol, applied in a similar manner. Common beeswax rubbed over furniture and heated by the friction of a woolen wad briskly used, is also an excellent furniture polish.

NAIL IN THE FOOT.—To relieve from the terrible effects of running a nail in the foot of man or horse, take peach leaves, bruise them, apply to the wound, and confine with a bandage.—They cure as if by magic. Renew the application twice a day, if necessary, but one application usually does the work. I have cured both man and horse in a few hours, when they were apparently on the point of having the lock-jaw. This recipe, remembered and practiced, will save many valuable lives.

BUGS ON VINES.—At this time of year there are many inquiries for the best method of keeping bugs from melon and other vines. The safest and surest remedy found is fresh charcoal, pulverized. Dust it on the hill when you put the seed in, and as soon as the plants are up, dust them plentifully.—If washed off by rains, repeat the operation. Thus treated, the plants are perfectly safe. We have seen, says the writer, all bugs disappear at once on the application, when the plants are almost covered with them. There is no fear of injuring vegetation by the use of charcoal.

HOW MARBLES ARE MADE.—The chief place of the manufacture of "marbles," those little pieces of stone which contribute so largely to the enjoyment of "young America," is at Oberstein, on the Nahe, in Germany, where there are large agate mills and quarries; the refuse of which is carefully turned to good paying account, by being made into the small balls employed by experts to knuckle with, which are mostly sent to the American market. The substance used in Saxony is a hard calcarious stone, which is first broken into blocks, nearly square, by blows with a hammer. These are thrown by the one hundred or two hundred in a sort of mill, which is formed of a flat, stationary slab of stone, with a number of concentric furrows upon his face, a block of oak, or other hard wood, of the same diametrice size, is placed over the stones and partly resting upon them. The small block of wood is kept revolving while water flows upon the stone slab. In about fifteen minutes the stones are turned to spheres, and then, being fit for sale, are henceforth called "marbles." One establishment, containing only three of these mills, will turn out fully sixty thousand "marbles" at Oberstein by first clipping the pieces neatly round with a hammer, handled by a skillful workman, and then wearing down the edges on a grindstone.

STOOP A LITTLE.—The following story related by Dr. Franklin, in a letter to Dr. Mather, has been often told, and is well worth telling again;

"The last time I saw your father," says Dr. Franklin, "was in 1724. In taking my leave, he showed me a short way out of the house, through a narrow passage, which was crossed by a beam overhead. We were still talking as I withdrew, he accompanying me behind, and as I turned toward him, he said, 'Stoop! stoop!' I did not understand him till I felt my head hit against the beam. He was a man who never missed an occasion of giving instruction, and upon this, he said to me, 'you are young and have the world before you; stoop a little, as you go through it, and you will avoid many hard thumps!' This advice thus beat into my head, has frequently been of use to me, and *I often think of it when* I see pride mortified and misfortune brought upon people by carrying their head too high."

On the day following the receipt of the news of the Richmond disaster, a sharp thief at Lexington, Ky., while on his trial, gave word that the court-house was falling, and, during the confusion, made good his escape.

Miss Sallie Joy appeared as a reporter at the recent suffrage meeting at Dayton, Ohio, and a jealous brother in the profession meanly wrote of her that whether she is a "thing of beauty" or not she will probably remain a "joy forever."

A Wisconsin cheese maker is manufacturing a brand of cheese which he has named "Truth." That c

# The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Tuesday morning, May 24, 1870

WM. LEWIS, HUGH LINDSAY, } EDITORS.

*The "Globe" has the largest number of readers of any other paper published in the county. Advertisers should remember this.*


## Editorial Brevities.

BOTH Houses of Congress have passed a resolution to adjourn on the 15th of July.

THE Presbyterian General Assembly convened in Philadelphia on Thursday last.

THE new Constitution of Illinois will be submitted to a vote of the people on the first Saturday of July.

GEN. KILPATRICK, it is said, has resigned his position as minister to Chilli and will return shortly to this country.

THE *Kansas Farmer*, published at Fort Leavenworth, says that the fruit crop in that section promises to be unusually abundant this year.

HON. GEO. W. WOODWARD has informed the Democrats of Pennsylvania Twelfth District that he will not accept a renomination for Congress.

DURING the first of the present month the public debt was reduced at the rate of nearly half a million per day. Who says that Grant's administration is a failure?

THE arrangements for taking the Census of 1870 are said to be more thorough and promise to give more satisfactory results than in the case of any previous Census.

AN iron steamer called the Benefactor was launched at Chester, Pa., on the 21st inst. She is of 800 tons burden and 175 feet in length. Chester is becoming one of the leading centres of ship building.

"NEVER despair" is now the motto of the lady advocates of woman suffrage. That's a very good motto, but we think if the granting of that privilege would never dis-pair a loving couple, their motto would be more appriate.

THE case of Dr. Schoeppe came before the Supreme Court the other week. The Commonwealth's counsel contend that Schoppe's case is not within the new law, it having been passed after the other was disposed of. The question will be argued on the 24th.

THE proceedings of the McFarland trial are now being scattered in pamphlet form broadcast over the land.—What a pity the last chapter contains an example of New York generous juryism by which men who may act as did McFarland can feel a sense of security against human punishment!

MR. WM. J. SWAIN'S new paper, the *Public Record*, made its appearance in Philadelphia, on Saturday morning. It is a penny paper, and a *fac simile* of the *Ledger*, in type and "make-up," though it is smaller. It is well filled with advertisements, and gives promises of complete success.

THE receipts of the American Bible Society were larger last year than any year before, amounting to $747,058,69. Of these, $432,781 65 were derived from sales; $161,465 78 from donations; $116,935 35 from legacies, and $35,818 91 from rents of stores and offices in the Bible House.

ERIE county has four daily, six weekly, and ten German papers, advocating Republican principles, and only one Democratic paper. We infer that the Republican party in that county is split up into very many factions; but notwithstanding it rolls up 3500 or more for the Republican ticket.

AMONG the most recent discoveries made by Gen. Belknap, Secretary of War, is that there are no less that 15,000 mules in the supposed service of Quartermaster's Department, most of whom are engaged in the business of "eating their heads off." The Quartermaster General protested that all of this army of the long-eared was required for present or expected duty, but General Belknap failed to see it, and will forthwith order the sale of five thousand of Gen. Meig's pets.

NEW YORK ELECTION.—The State of New York held an election on Tuesday for a Chief Justice and four Associate Justices of the Court of Appeals, or what we in Pennsylvania would call the Supreme Court. The returns indicate the success of the Democratic candidates by 75,000 majority. New York City elected municipal officers, the Tammany candidates being probably all chosen. New York city gives a Democratic majority reported at 60,000. The colored citizens voted without molestation. The vote was heavy in the city but very light in all the country districts, and no wonder. The New York Republicans have come to feel that their going to the polls, for large as their majorities may be in the country districts, it is always sure to be over-balanced by the fraudulent votes of the Democrats in the City of New York.

An order of the Commissioner of Pensions, requiring an attorney to refuse an excess over the legal fee of ten dollars for prosecuting a pension claim, has been sustained by the Secretary of the Interior.

☞ It was a bad stroke of policy for the Republican party by men who had been honored by the party to attempt to reform it in this county last year by the election of Democrats.—It was an unfortunate stroke of policy for the party of the whole district, for we now hear of the disease having spread into Cambria county, the home of our Congressman, who has been influenced during the past year to recognize in this county, to too great an extent, such of the party as were willing to aid in the defeat of Republican nominees. Take the *"situation"* as it is—and it is just as the Democrats would have it—and just as the leading disorganizers made it last fall, and they have nursed it ever since.—The Republican party can be successful in the district if the would-be leaders will work as earnestly for the success of the party as they do for themselves. We are willing to work only for the success of the party, and until nominations are made we will feel it our duty to give the "situation" truthfully so that the party may make nominations understandingly.

☞ The new political organization of working-men appears to be giving Mr. Cremer immense trouble. He thinks the Republicans in it honest in their convictions, and that they will not knowingly unite in any movement intended to result in a Democratic victory. If they should unite in any movement to bring about a Democratic victory their conduct as Republicans would be the same as the conduct of Mr. Cremer and his friends last year. We do not believe in going out of the party to reform it—we have had some experience in *that*—and we hope all our party friends will stand fast within the lines of the party and work that their opinions may be heard and felt by the party leaders who have misrepresented them.

STOPPING THE FURNACES.—At the meeting of the iron-masters held at Columbia, Lancaster county, last week, the unanimous feeling of those present was to stop the production of pig iron, which cannot be made at current rates without loss, and the probability is that within the next sixty days nearly if not all the furnaces in that vicinity will be idle. Nor is this feeling confined to the iron-masters of Columbia. It extends all over the country. What with the difficulty of procuring coal and the fact that iron cannot be manufactured just now at a profit, there is a reason to fear that the stoppage of furnaces will soon become general throughout the State, especially if the present duty on foreign pig iron is reduced as proposed in the bill before Congress.

☞ It would be well for the Republican party if Congress would adjourn and Senators and Representatives go home to learn the sentiments of their constituents. The elections everywhere indicate falling off from the Republican party. The masses are getting tired of being governed by dishonest and unprincipled politicians who never consult or respect public opinion. If the Republican party should be defeated next fall in the election of Congressmen and other officers, the fault will be with the leaders in Congress and other high places.

☞ And now a new snake story is added to the list. A lady was recently out walking, accompanied by her nurse and two children, near St. Louis, when one of the latter was missed for a few moments. On being called, he answered from a little distance:—"Here I am, mamma, behind the stump; I'm playing with a big, nice worm. I've got a chip, and it opens its mouth over so wide when I touch its teeth with the chip." Anxious to see the character of the child's playmate, the two women went to the spot, when, behold, they saw a rattlesnake two feet long coiled against the butt of the stump, and the child thrusting the chip against its head. The snake appeared perfectly passive, not even giving the usual warning with its rattles. It is needless, perhaps, to say that the mother was frightened beyond the power of motion. The nurse quickly removed the child, and one of the hands despatched the dangerous playmate.

The Mobile Tribune relates that when General Joe Johnston made his first visit into Maryland after the surrender, he was accosted by an excited individual, who pitched into Congress generally, and exclaimed: "General, this thing will not do: it must be stopped; they will find the war is not over—I am not whipped!" Here General Johnston interposed with the query, "In which army did you serve?" With undue haste and some confusion, the irate individual began a long explanation of the causes which kept him out of actual service, when he was interrupted by the General with, "Never mind your reasons, sir; I see you are right; you are not whipped!"

THE LUMBER TRADE.—It is said that two hundred rafts have been put into the Susquehanna and its tributaries this season against eighteen hundred last season. Computing each raft at twelve hundred dollars (which is about their average worth), the aggregate value of the whole number is two million six hundred and forty thousand dollars. From this some idea may be formed of the immense forests in the northern part of the State and the extent of the lumber trade.

General Butler has been authorized by the Reconstruction Committee to report a bill for the admission of Georgia almost identical with the Virginia bill.

Small-pox, of an unusually virulent type is raging in Paris.

## A Wonderful Performance.

In Cincinnati, on Monday, two brothers named Rodiguez, Spaniards, as their names indicate, came to Father Edward Purcell and asked leave to put in order the lightning rod that runs up the tall spire of the cathedral on the corner of Plum and Eighth streets. The Father told them the insulators on the rod were broken and other repairs to it, no one could tell how much, were needed, but he besought them to put up scaffolding in order to get at the rod, which needed to be repaired. Having been commissioned to do the work they proceeded to the execution of it without delay. To the passers along the thoroughfares the sight of two men threading their way up the outside of the spire was full of interest. Coming out of the spire at one of the Louvre windows just above the dial faces of the tower, the men swung a ladder partly by a rope dropped down from a narrow aperture just below the base of the spire, and partly by its own hooks, caught upon the stone molding around the next story above the tower. Up this pendulous ladder one of the men clambered, banging to the rungs like a parrot to its perch. On the ledge of the molding, to which the hooks of the ladder hung, was a good base of operations. A half dozen ladders were provided. One was drawn up and planted on the new base, and lashed in place both at the top and the bottom. The top touched the last ledge of molding in the ascent of the base out of which the tower arose.

On the streets for squares distant witnesses watched the ascent, while near the scene the pavements were lined with spectators. The two brothers were on the scene by this time and the ascent up the spire proper had been commenced. The first ladder of this final series rested on the base of the spire and was lashed to it top and the bottom, by ropes passing around the spire. The two men carried a second ladder up this one, and lashed the bottom of the former to the top of the latter. The next thing was to secure this last addition of climbing apparatus. One of the brothers climbed it while the other held its base. Up in that dizzy hight a rope was thrown around the spire, and the top of this ladder secured by it, until five or six ladders were strung in the series, the topmost reaching within two or three feet of the base of the cross, which terminates the spire at a hight of *two hundred and twenty-two feet* above the base of the Cathedral.

When the line of spliced ladders had crept up the eastern face of the spire to this position, a ladder with hooks at the top was carried up and hooked upon the cross. One of the brothers ascended this, took position first upon an arm of the cross, and then stepped up and stood erect upon the very tip-top of the upright portion of that stone cross. Standing there he unscrewed the top of the lightning rod and tossed it to the ground. Several variations of the performance took place about this time. Once both the brothers were on the opposite arms of the cross. The standing upon the top of the cross, and the climbing about its arms continued for some time, when the men descended, leaving their ladder for a continuation of the performance the next day.

The crowd cheered when the top of the cross was reached, that is the boys in the crowd cheered. The men were sober observers. One strong fellow turned from the sight with the remark that it was too much for his nerves. Others shuddered audibly, and wished aloud for the men to come down, but still they continued to look. Everybody expressed relief when the two men came down, and many gave vent to regrets that the perilous task would be continued on Tuesday.

## The Odd Fellows.

The annual session of the Grand Lodge of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows of Pennsylvania convened Tuesday morning, at the hall on Nth. Sixth street, Philadelphia. Grand Master Samuel F. Gwinner was in the chair. The representatives and new members were received. The reports of the Grand Master and the Grand Secretary were read and referred to the appropriate committees.

The report of the Secretary shows the following as the state of the Order during the year ending March 31, '70:

| | |
|---|---|
| Initiations, | 9,849 |
| Reinstated, | 751 |
| Admitted on card, | 1,326 |
| Withdrawn by card, | 1,738 |
| Suspended, | 3,637 |
| Expelled, | 117 |
| Deceased, | 639 |
| Rejected, | 1,426 |
| Members at present, | 75,565 |
| Increase of membership, | 5,795 |
| Number of Lodges, | 601 |
| Increase during the year, | 52 |
| Number of Rebekah Degree Lodges instituted during year, | 34 |

The relief report shows 7,445 brothers and 804 widowed families relieved. The amounts paid were: For relief of brothers, $187,505 31; for relief of widowed families, $15,806 84; for education of orphans, $9,308 71; for burying the dead, $46,533 82. Total expenditures for relief, $258,776 84. This is an increase of $25,073 36 over the previous year.

The total receipts of the year were $630,799 50, an increase of $107,820 43 over the previous year.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

M. W. G. Master, John B. Springer, of No. 127; R W D G Master, Alfred Slack, of No. 241; R W G Warden, Wm. Steadman, of No. 113; R W G Secretary, James B Nicholson, of No. 100; R W G Treasurer, M Richards Muckle, of No. 45; R W G R U S, Robert A Lamberton, of No. 160.

It is stated that there are more Israelites in New York city than in the Holy Land, or in all Syria. They are about seventy thousand in that city, and this is probably a larger number than now inhabit the Scripture lands above mentioned. Of that seventy thousand there are not one thousand that can justly be called poor, while the majority are heavy owners of real estate, and also the most active and enterprising of the commercial people.

Leavenworth claims to be the best laid out and most prosperous city between St. Louis and the Pacific slope. Its wholesale trade exceeds $20,000,000 annually.

## HURRYGRAPHS.

Newspapers in France, like dogs must be muzzled.

Passing strange—two friends passing each other without speaking.

When is money damp? When it is mist at night and dew in the morning.

A Lancaster city ordinance imposes a fine of ten dollars on corner loafers.

Shad are very abundant this season, and ought consequently, to be cheap.

Brigham Young allows each of his wives two quarts of whiskey a month.

A State dinner in China consists of fifty-two courses.

Paraguay has fifty women for each man. Why not move Utah down there?

A Jasper county (Indiana) girl, of sixteen, weighs exactly two hundred and thirty-nine pounds.

A married woman in Alton, Me., who is in her seventeenth year, lately gave birth to her fourth child.

Fires in the swamps of Atlantic county, New Jersey, have destroyed property valued at $150,000.

The three hundred restaurants of New York city serve up seven hundred thousand meals per diem.

On the Mississippi river several steamboats have daily newspapers published on board.

An editor in Illinois gives notice that there will be no paper this week, as his wife is using the scissors.

The highest peak of the Rocky Mountains is Mount Harvard. It is 14,270 feet high.

At Cincinnati, last Sunday, the liquor, segar, and confectionery stores were closed by the police.

Eliakim Littell, founder of Littell's Living Age, died on Monday, in Brooklyn, aged 78.

Hon. T. Irwin, for many years Judge of the U S. District Court for Western Pennsylvania, died on Saturday.

A single tree in Kentucky has been the gallows of four victims of lynch law during the last twelve months.

Last week the registration closed in Richmond. The whites, formerly in a minority, are now 680 ahead.

The U. S. Senate is not disposed to abolish the franking privilege. It was passed over by a vote of 32 to 23 on Monday last.

The Committee on Foreign Relations are said to be in favor of giving the proposed Pacific cable $500,000 a year instead of lands.

The vote on the question of opening the New York Mercantile Library on Sundays was against the friends of that movement.

The Postal Telegraph Committee of Congress will recommend that no action be taken in regard to the measure until the next session.

A little girl sent out to hunt for eggs, came back unsuccessful, complaining that "lots of hens were standing around doing nothing."

Mr. Hamilton, the new Senator from Texas, is said to have never smoked a cigar, taken a drink, or kissed a woman. He'll go to glory.

A man in Weston, Mo., is so successful as a fisherman that he can tie a hook and line to each foot and dive in the river, and bring up a fish on each foot.

At New Orleans, on Monday, there was a row over the admission of colored children into the public schools. The police had to be called to disperse the crowd.

Chief Justice Wilson, of Utah, had the door of his Court shut against him on Tuesday, by the Mormon authorities, but in a little while they thought better of it.

Workmen on the Kansas Pacific Railroad are now armed to resist Indian attacks. Ten of the laborers were killed by an Indian raid a few days ago.

A party of Indians, a few days since, entered a cabin on the Nebraska river, 120 miles N. of Sioux City, shot the settler's wife and little boy, and carried of his daughter. It is feared that the region will be depopulated.

An ex-Confederate officer who died recently in Van Buren, Arkansas, requested that colored men should be his pall-bearers, and that the church-bells should not be tolled, and that no funeral sermon should be preached, all of which was complied with.

Gen. Pratt, the "Great American Traveler," says that "after thirty years experience, enough to put down a million ordinary men forever, he has come to the conclusion that American politics is hell's grist mill to grind up devils in." He might be right.

A Georgia railroad conductor was dismayed the other day in finding on his train a family of eight, every one of whom was an idiot, and did not know whither they were going or where they came from. He relieved himself from embarrassment by putting them off the train.

## Three Thousand Hogs Roasted Alive

The stock-pens of Gaff's distillery, in Cincinnati, containing 4,200 hogs, were burned on Wednesday morning. Three thousand hogs were roasted to death. The scene is said to have been as grand as it was horrible. Great volumes of flame, fed by the living fuel, shot upward thousands of feet and rolled off in dense masses of black smoke. The outcry of the frightened animals, as they crowded one above into the corners of the pens remotest from the fire, until its rapid approach first scorched and then consumed them, awed the spectators, who stood looking helplessly on. Every effort was made to save at least a portion of the hogs, the greater proportion being cut of off. But a little over a 1,000 of the animals were gotten out in all, and the rest of the 4,200 were literally broiled alive. The odor of burned or roast pork pervaded the city for many blocks in all directions after the fire died out for want of fuel. The loss on live stock alone is estimated at $60,000. The loss on the buildings is estimated at from $25,000 to $35,000.

The weather telegraphs of Europe now predict the condition of the weather from England to Sicily for many hours beforehand, with perfect regularity. The losses thus averted may be calculated at a high figure. The Paris and London papers publish the telegrams as carefully as they do the fluctuations on 'Change.


## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

COLONNADE HOTEL (MARBLE FRONT.)
*Chestnut Street, West of Fifteenth,*
PHILADELPHIA.
This new and elegant Hotel is now open for the reception of guests. It is of the most Modern Construction, and furnished in a style unsurpassed by any of the first hotels of Europe or America.
*JOHN CRUMP, Propr.*
GEO. FREEMAN, Sup't.

NEW
DRUG STORE.
On the corner, opposite the Exchange Hotel,
*HUNTINGDON, PA.*

Will have a good selection of drugs, medicines, &c. from reliable druggists, also a great variety of notions, fancy articles, perfumeries, patent medicines, toilet, soaps brushes stuffs, groceries, &c., &c.

*THE DRUG DEPARTMENT*
Will be conducted by Dr. Thos. Johnston, who has been in the practice of medicine for over forty years, which will be a great advantage to those buying medicines for family use, where it is not convenient to employ a physician. Advice given when medicines are wanted. Perscriptions carefully compounded.
Dr. Johnston is a native of this town, and studied medicine under the celebrated Dr. Henderson, whose reputation is well remembered by all old citizens.
Cold sparkling soda water can be had during the summer, drawn from Tuft's celebrated Arctic Fountains, which is now considered the best in use
May 24, JOHNSTON & CO.

New Cheap Store.
Crownover & Decker,
Have just opened at their new store, west end of Hill Street, next door to the National Hotel, near Fisher's Mill, in Huntingdon, a large and selected stock of
DRESS-GOODS, GROCERIES,
*BOOTS AND SHOES,*
*QUEENS-WARE,*
*FISH and SALT,*
*FLOUR and CHOP,*
And everything else generally kept in a first class store.
Everything new and selling cheap, for
*CASH OR PRODUCE.*
May 24-6m. CROWNOVER & DECKER.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:—I hereby notify all persons not to trust my wife, MARY GARNER, to any goods on my account, as I will not pay any bills of her contracting.
Juniata twp., May 17, 3t* JACOB H. GARNER.

ADMINISTRATRIX'S NOTICE. [Estate of FRANK GARLOCH, dec'd.] Letters of administration upon the estate of Frank Garloch, late of Huntingdon borough, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the estate will make payment, and those having claims will present them for settlement.
ELIZABETH GARLOCH,
Huntingdon, May 17-6t* Administratrix.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE. [Estate of CONRAD MATTHIAS.] Letters testamentary on the estate of Conrad Matthias late of Dublin township, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted will make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them duly authenticated, without delay.
JOHN MINNICH,
my25-6t* Executor.

KISHACOQUILLAS SEMINARY.
FOR BOTH SEXES.
This Institution in the beautiful mountain-girt valley of Kishacoquillas, affords superior advantages of education. Thoroughly efficient and competent instructors in every department.
French, German, Painting, Drawing, and Music included.
A Normal class formed Spring Term, which continuing twelve weeks, opens April 4th. Expenses for the year $200. For Catalogue address
MARTIN MOHLER, Principal,
Jan. 26, 1870.-6m. Kishacoquillas, Mifflin Co., Pa.

Latest Arrival of Gent's Goods.
H. ROBLEY
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Has removed to the room over John Bare & Co's Bank, (old Broad Top Corner,) where he is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line of business. He has just received a full line of
CLOTHS,
VESTINGS,
CASSIMERS,
CORDUROYS, &c.
Thankful for past patronage he solicits a continuance of the same. The attention of the public is called to his stock of cloths, &c., which he is prepared to make up to order in a fashionable, durable and workmanlike manner. Please give me a call.
H. ROBLEY,
Huntingdon, Pa., April 7th, 1869. Merchant Tailor.

NEW! NEAT!! NOVEL!!!
GEO. F. MARSH
Merchant Tailor,
Has just received
HIS USUAL LARGE STOCK
OF
SPRING and SUMMER GOODS,
OF ALL
QUALITIES,
SHADES,
AND COLORS.
*Second story of Read's new Building.*
GEO. F. MARSH.
Huntingdon, March 30

NEW GOODS AND PLENTY OF THEM.
H. ROMAN.
NEW
MEN AND BOYS' CLOTHING
FOR
SPRING AND SUMMER,
JUST RECEIVED
AT
H. ROMAN'S
*CHEAP CLOTHING STORE.*
For Gentlemen's Clothing of the best material, and made in the best workmanlike manner, call at
H. ROMAN'S,
opposite the Franklin House in Market Square, Huntingdon, Pa.

WALL PAPER.
AT
Lewis' Book Store,
Huntingdon, Pa.

NEW Book.—Agents sell 100 per week. Price $4; Address L. STEBBINS, Hartford, Ct. m17-4w.

$25 A DAY!—40 new articles for Agents. Samples free. H. B. SHAW, Alfred, Me. my 17-4w.

MEADVILLE THEOLOGICAL SCHOOL.—Unitarian; Educates Ministers, $100 a year to poor students; begins Aug. 20. Apply to A. A. LIVERMORE,
May 17-4w. Meadville, Pa.

CURIOUS, HOW STRANGE!—The Married Ladies Private Companion contains the desired information. Sent free for stamp. Address Mrs. H. MEYZOEH, May 17-4w. Hanover, Pa.

WE WILL PAY AGENTS a salary of $25 per week or allow a large commission to sell our new inventions Address, J. W. FINK & CO., Marshall, Mich. m17-4t

WANTED, AGENTS—$20 Watch free, given gratis to every live man who will act as our Agent. Business light and honorable; pays $30 per day. Address,
May 17-4w. M. MONROE KENNEDY & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa.

BOOK AGENTS WANTED.—Ladies of the White House," No opposition. Steel engravings. Rapid sales. For circulars, address U. S. PUBLISHING CO., May 17-4w. Cincinnati and Chicago.

SALESMEN WANTED in a paying business. S. KENNEDY, 413 Chestnut St., Phila.

PSYCHOMANCY, FASCINATION OR SOUL-CHARMING.—400 pages; cloth. This wonderful book has full instructions to enable the reader to fascinate either sex, or any animal, at will. Mesmerism, Spiritualism, and hundreds of other curious experiments. It can be obtained by sending address, with 10 cents postage, to T. W. EVANS & CO., No. 41 South Eighth Street,
May 17-4w Philadelphia

SPAR SPANGLED BANNER.—A large 40 column paper, ledger size, illustrated. Devoted to Sketches, Poetry, Wit, Humor, genuine fun-Nonsense (of a sensible kind), and to the exposure of Swindling, Humbugs, &c. Only 75 cents a year, and a superb engraving "Evange line," 1 1-2x2 feet, gratis, 30,000 circulation. Money refunded to all who ask it. It is wide-awake, fearless, truthful. Try it now. 75 cents a year. Specimens free.
May 17 4w. Address "BANNER," Hinsdale, N. A.

PATENTS.
Inventors who wish to take out Letters Patent are advised to consult with Munn & Co., editors of the "Scientific American, who have prosecuted claims before the Patent Office for over Twenty years. Their American and European Patent Agency is the most extensive in the world. Charges less than any other reliable agency. A pamphlet containing full instructions to inventors is sent gratis. Address
May 17-4w 37 Park Row, N. Y. MUNN & CO.,

ONE MILLION ACRES OF
*CHOICE IOWA LANDS*
FOR SALE, at $3 per acre and upwards, for cash, or on credit, by the Iowa Railroad Land Co. Railroads already built through the lands, and on all sides of them. Great inducements to settlers. Send for our free pamphlet. It gives prices, terms, location; tells who should come west, what they should bring, what it will cost; gives plans and elevations of 18 different styles of ready-made houses, which the Company furnish at from $250 to $4,000 ready to set up. Maps sent if desired. Address
May 17-4w. W. W. WALKER, Vice President, Cedar Rapids Iowa.

A Model House.
Being a cripple, I have made house planning a special study. One built last season has proved a model of convenience, beauty, and economy. Descriptive circulars of Plans, Views, etc., with general information of value to all, sent free. Address with stamp or script if convenient, GEO. J. COLBY, Architect, Waterbury, Vt., m17-4t

$5 EMPLOYMENT $10
HUNDREDS of Agents make from $5 to $10 per day, in selling our Patent Extension Reel and Swifts, combined. Used in every family for winding yarn, silks, Worsted, &c. Winds full sized skein, and weighs less than one pound. Agents wanted. For terms &c., address
May 17-4w. H. L. STORKE & Co., Auburn, New York

TOWN LOTS FOR SALE
IN WEST HUNTINGDON.
Buy Lots from first hands at
$200
Purchasers desiring to build can have very liberal terms as to payments. Now is the time to invest. Apply to [jy21tf] R. ALLISON MILLER.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE—Estate of JOSEPH GWINNER, late of the township of Burrell, county of Indiana, State of Pennsylvania.
By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Indiana county, there will be exposed to public sale on the premises, on the 1st Tuesday,
7th DAY OF JUNE 1870.
All the right, title, interest, and claim of the said Joseph Gwinner, deceased, of, in and to the following described real estate to wit: The one undivided third part of a certain piece or parcel of land situate in Burrel township, said county, adjoining lands of Jacob Graff and Wm. Slaber, with a wooden factory, thirty-four feet by forty, two stories high, a two-story frame dwelling-house, fifty feet by twenty-six, a stable, and other outbuildings thereon erected, containing four acres, be the same more or less.
TERMS.—One-half the purchase money on confirmation of sale, and the balance in one year thereafter, with interest, to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises.
Sale to be conducted by John Bruce and William Maher, administrators of said dece ased.
May 10-3t. WM. R. BLACK, Clerk.

MILL FOR SALE.
THE subscriber offers his new Grist Mill and Mill House, situated in West township. Said Mill is situated in the heart of Shaver's Creek Valley; good grain country; has a good custom; and it within six miles of the Penna. railroad.
For further particulars write or see
se22 HENRY LIGHTNER, Neff Mills, Hunt. co., Pa.

INSURE YOUR PROPERTY
IN THE
JUNIATA VALLEY
FIRE
INSURANCE COMPANY
INCORPORATED APRIL 7, 1870.
*OFFICE at HUNTINGDON, PENN'A.*
INSURES
BUILDINGS,
MERCHANDISE,
and OTHER PROPERTY,
AGAINST
LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE,
On as reasonable terms as any other responsible company
DIRECTORS:
J. E. SINGER, C. C. STANBERGER, ISAAC WRIGHT
S. T. McCULLOCH, D. B. MILLIKEN, WM. KENNEDY
OFFICERS:
*President*, WM. KENNEDY; *Secretary*,
J. M. MILLER; *Treasurer*, J. E. SINGER.
*Agent for Huntingdon co.*, A. B. KENNEDY.
may10,1870

WILLIAM B. ZEIGLER,
*Dealer in*
Ladies' Gents and Children's Furnishing Goods, and Trimmings, of all kinds. A large stock of
NOTIONS,
WHITE GOODS,
BRILLIANTS, NAINSOOKS,
PIQUAS, INDIA TWILLS,
LINENS, of all grades, GLOVES,
and Hosiery for men, women and Children Thibet and Cashmere shawls.
CASSIMERS,
DOMESTIC GOODS,
*GROCERIES and PROVISIONS.*
A general assortment of goods, always at lowest cash prices, and of the best quality.
Butter, Eggs, &c., taken in exchange
Huntingdon, April 26, 1870.

THEY ASK WHO DOES THIS?
THE undersigned would respectfully inform the citizens of the town and country that they are prepared to
REPAIR WALLS, WHITEN CEILINGS,
and HANG Plain and Ornamental PAPER in the best style. Also, to furnish *materials* and do PLASTERING at the shortest notice and on moderate terms.
Thankful for past patronage they solicit a continuance of the same.
T. G. STRICKLER & CO.
Huntingdon, March 23-3m

WM. LEWIS, Dealer in Books, Stationery and Musical Instruments, corner of the diamond.

☞ Subscribe for the GLOBE.

THE HUNTINGDON
Manufacturing Company,
Is now prepared to fill orders for
WEATHERBOARDING,
FLOORING,
DOORS,
AND SASH,
And in short to do all kinds of Carpenter work.
To furnish HUBS, SPOKES and FELLIES, in quantities, and receive orders for
FURNITURE.
☞ All orders should be addressed to
D. W. ARTLEY, President,
Huntingdon, Pa.
June 16, 1869-tf.

GEO. A. STEEL. MILTON S. LYTLE. SAMUEL A. STEEL
THE FIRM OF STEEL, LYTLE & STEEL having located on their tract of land within two miles of the borough of Huntingdon, a
STEAM SAW MILL,
are prepared to manufacture all kinds of
OAK AND PINE LUMBER.
The mill will be run to its utmost capacity and will be in operation during the entire summer and part of the autumn months. They will be enabled to furnish lumber in large quantities, and of all dimensions, at the low est cash prices.
Orders respectfully solicited. Lumber delivered at the Penn. Railroad, or canal.
Huntingdon, April 22, 1868-tf

LUMBER, SHINGLES, LATHS.
HEMLOCK, PINE BILL STUFF, Boards, Plank, Shingles, Plastering and Shingling Lath, constantly on hand.
Worked Flooring, Sash, Blinds, Doors, Door and Window Frames, furnished at manufacturers' prices.
Grain and country product generally bought at market rates. WAGONER & BRO.'S
aug26-tf Philipsburg, Centre co., Pa.

West Huntingdon Foundry.
JAMES SIMPSON
MANUFACTURER
OF
PLOWS, THRESHING MACHINES,
FARM BELLS, SLED AND SLEIGH SOLES,
WAGON BOXES, IRON KETTLES,
Castings
For Furnaces, Forges, Grist and Saw Mills, Tanneries and Brickyards,
AND JOB WORK IN GENERAL.
ARCHITECTURAL & ORNAMENTAL DEPARTMENT.
Iron Portico and Verandahs,
Balconies, Columns and Drop Ornament for wooden portico and verandahs,
Window Lintels and Sills,
Cast Ornaments for wooden Hotels,
Cellar Window Guards, all sizes,
Chimney Tops and Plates,
Sash Weights, Carpet Strips,
Registers, Heaters, Coal Grates,
Vault Castings for coal and wood cellars,
Arbors, Tree-boxes, Lamp-posts, Hitching-posts,
Iron Railing for portico, verandahs, balconies, flower-beds,
Yard and Cemetery Fences, etc.
*Particular attention paid to fencing Cemetery Lots.*
Address JAMES SIMPSON,
se25,68 Huntingdon, Pa.

HUNTINGDON FOUNDRY.
EASTON BLAKE. M. MARION McNEIL.
BLAKE & McNEIL,
[Successors to J. M. CUNNINGHAM & SON.]
Iron and Brass Founders,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
IRON and BRASS CASTINGS made to a first class Foundry. We have always on hand all kinds of Plow and Stove Castings, Wash Kettles, Cellar-windows, Grates, Coal hole Castings for pavements, Window weights, Log all sizes and weights, Pipe joints, Sled and sleigh shoes, Wagon boxes, Machine Castings, for steam and water, grist, saw, sumac and plaster mills of all descriptions.
HEATERS AND IRON FENCES,
of the most improved style, oven doors and frames, door sills, and in fact everything made in this line.
We have a large stock of patterns, and can furnish castings at short notice, and cheaper than they can be had in the country. Having a good drift, we are prepared to do drilling and fitting up of all kinds.
Office in Lieture' Son Building, Hill street, Huntingdon, Pa.
Mch. 17, 1869. BLAKE & McNEIL.
W. BUCHANAN. P. ALLISON. J. M. SUMMERS

NEW STOVE AND TIN STORE.
BUCHANAN, ALLISON & CO.
Have opened a new store in Yenter's new building, in the Diamond, Huntingdon, Pa., and have ready for sale a large assortment of
Cook and Parlor Stoves,
SPEER'S REVOLVING LIGHT,
SPEER'S ANTI-DUST,
SPEER'S ANTI-DUST COOK STOVES,
SMITH'S REGULATOR and EUREKA COOK STOVES and LITTLEFIELD'S HEATERS.
Also, a large assortment of
TIN AND PRESSED WARE,
and a great variety of Goods, never before kept in this place. We also manufacture
TIN WARE TO ORDER.
Repairing, Roofing and Spouting done at short notice
☞ Country Stores supplied with Tin Ware at city rates.
Confident of being able to make it advantageous to their customers they respectfully solicit a share of public patronage.
ROOM IN YENTER'S NEW BUILDING
IN THE DIAMOND, HUNTINGDON, PA.
Jan. 5, 1870

1870 Carpets! 1870
*SPRING STOCK*
AT REDUCED PRICES.
JAMES A. BROWN,
Is constantly receiving at his new
CARPET STORE,
*IN HUNTINGDON, PA,*
Beautiful Patterns of Carpets, fresh from the rooms of the manufacturers. His stock comprises
BRUSSELS, INGRAINS,
VENITIAN, WOOL DUTCH,
COTTAGE HEMP,
LIST and RAG CARPETS,
CARPET CHAIN,
COCOA and CANTON MATTINGS,
FLOOR, STAIR and TABLE
OIL CLOTHS,
A FRESH STOCK OF
WALL PAPER,
WINDOW SHADES and Fixtures, Druggets, Velvet Rugs, Door Mats, Extra Carpet Thread and Binding.
☞ I make a specialty of furnishing CHURCHES and LODGES, at City Prices, and invite Furnishing Committees to call and see goods made expressly for their purposes.
Buyers will save money and be better suited by going to the *regular* Carpet and Oil Cloth Store for any of the above goods. I defy competition in prices and variety of beautiful patterns.
CARPETS 25 cents per YARD and UPWARDS.
I have also the *Agency* for the Original
HOWE SEWING MACHINE
so well known as the best Family Machine in the world. *Call at the CARPET STORE and see them.*
Huntingdon, Mch 16, '70-6m. JAMES A. BROWN.

FOR THE LADIES.
A superior article of Note Paper and Envelope, for *confidential* correspondence, for sale at
*LEWIS' BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.*

# The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Tuesday morning, May 24, 1870.


## LOCAL & PERSONAL.

### Meetings.

*Mt. Moriah Lodge, No. 500, A. Y. M.*, meets second Monday evening of each month, in Brown's building.

*Standing Stone, H. R. A. Chapter, No. 201*, meets the first Tuesday evening of each month, in Brown's building.

*Juniata Lodge, No. 117, I. O. O. F.*, meets every Friday evening, third floor, in Leister's building.

*Mount Hor Camp of I. O. O. F.*, meets every second and fourth Tuesdays, in Leister's building, third floor.

*Standing Stone Lodge, No. 83, I. O. G. T.*, meets every Tuesday evening in third floor of Read's building.

*Arrapahoe Tribe, No. 68, I. O. of R. M.*, meets every Thursday evening, third floor, Leister's building.

*Young Men's Christian Association* meets the first and third Monday evenings each month, in Smith's building.

*Pod 33, G. A. R.*, meets Third Monday of each month in Court House.

*Town Council* meets the first Friday evening of each month.

*Huntingdon Lodge, No. 149, K. of P.*, meets every Saturday evening, in Smith's building.

*Huntingdon Temple of Honor, No 71*, meets the fourth Monday of each month in Good Templars' Hall.

*The Webisterian Club* meets every Thursday evening, in the Y. M. C. A. room.

### Churches.

Baptist Church—Washington Street. Rev. J. W. Plannett. Services on Sabbath: 10½ a. m., 7 p. m.

Catholic—Washington Street. Rev. M. J. Aylward. Services first three Sundays in every month.

Evangelical Lutheran—Mifflin Street. Rev. J. J. Kerr. Services on Sabbath: 10½ a. m., 7 p. m.

German Reformed—Church Street. Rev. S. D. Steckle. Services on Sabbath: 7 p. m.

Methodist Episcopal—Church Street. Rev. M. K. Foster. Services on Sabbath: 10½ a. m., 7 p. m.

Protestant Episcopal—Hill street. Rev. A. H. Boyle. Services on Sabbath: 10½ a. m., 6½ p. m.

Presbyterian—Hill Street. Rev. G. W. Zahniser. Services on Sabbath: 11 a. m., 7 p. m.

### On the Wing.

The Catholic pic-nic was well attended.

It is best to wear your woolen garments a while longer.

Promenading is one of the fashions that never grow old.

The McConnellsburg Lutheran church has a bell on it that was cast in Italy in 1736.

The Mayor of Altoona offers $500 reward for the arrest of any incendiary in that city

The answer to the question, "what is a house without a baby?" is, "well, comparatively quiet."

The Mifflin *Republican* says; A valuable cow died on the street in that place from the effect of eating too much young grass.

The census-takers will commence operations on the 1st of June. They are a class of "takers" the people won't object to.

An Indiana man kicked his wife sixteen feet over a hydrant and then added insult to injury by asking her, "How's that for high?"

The United States produced twenty-five millions of dollars worth of cheese, and a hundred millions of dollars worth of butter last year.

Dr. C. N. Hickok, of Bedford, has been elected Representative to the Grand Lodge of the United States of Odd Fellows, by this State Grand Encampment.

If it is true that visitors measure the intelligence of the people by the magnificence of the churches we think they would have a very poor criterion in this place.

It is a curious fact that though the rain keeps thousands away from church on Sunday, it does not deter a single man from attending to business on week days.

The value of our crops for the year 1869, divided equally among the population would give nearly $100 to each man, woman and child in the United States.

People of Wyoming don't know whether to call their female Judge a justicess of the peace or a justice of the peacess. We don't know ourselves, which would be the bestest.

Our citizens are treated at all hours of the day with the *music of the universe, from the* warble of the wren to the rumble of thunder. Our timid friends prefer to have as little of the latter as possible.

A young man named Geo. Davis attempted to take the life of a young girl named McGillan, in Hollidaysburg, recently, by shooting her with a pistol. Another supposed case of insanity.

The survey of the new railroad from Hollidaysburg to the Gap, has been completed, and it is expected that the work will be put under contract at an early day and prosecuted to a speedy completion.

Manufacturing is progressing in our town with all the industry of steam, water power and muscle, and the indications are that this spring will prove one of the busiest that Huntingdon has ever enjoyed.

If you don't answer the census taker's questions, you will be fined $30. We can imagine we see the bachelors collecting the fines from the ladies for not answering to their ages. We think they will make it suit not to be "at home."

One of the richest treats there warm evenings is to propel slowly to Col. Summer's Castilian Garden, and partake of a saucer or two of his splendid Ice Cream. Those who have tried it say it banishes dull care, and makes them feel like calling again.

In Potter county there have been no tavern licenses granted for nineteen years, and it has cost the county only $12 to board her prisoners last year. Our county grants licenses and thousands of dollars for trials and boarding prisoners is the result.

Mr. Wm. Duffield, in the employ of McIlvain & Son, proprietors of the Cove Forge, in Penn township, Perry county, was found drowned in the Forge dam on Thursday, the 12th inst. His hat was found floating in the dam, which caused a search to be made for him, when his body was found. It is not known how the accident occurred.

WHO IS HE?—Early every morning an individual perambulates our town with a basket on his arm, well filled, and occasionally he is seen to go into somebody's house and come out with the self same basket on the self same arm. We have been watching him closely, but notwithstanding he goes into the same houses every morning, we have heard no complaints against him. This gentleman is no other than Luke Reilly, the baker, who is transacting a legitimate business in furnishing his splendid Bread and Rolls to his numerous customers.

WANTED.—1,000 cords of Bark, at the Mammoth Store. The highest market price paid in cash.
May 24-1t HENRY & Co.

☞ A full set of Blacksmith's tools will be sold on Saturday, June 4th, by Elizabeth Gardloch, executrix of Frank Gardloch, deceased. 2t

SWEET POTATO PLANTS, by the thousand, hundred, or smaller quantities, can be had at *Lewis' Red Front Grocery.*

☞ Gum finger stalls and gum diapers at Henry & Co's. ap12-3m

M. E. Church.—Through the kindness of Rev. J. C. Clarke, we have been furnished with a copy of the Annual Minutes of the Central Penna. Conference, for March 1870, from which we take the following statistics of most of the circuits and stations in Juniata District:

| STATIONS. | CHARGES AND STATIONS. | Members. | Deaths. | Probationers. | Local Preachers. | Children. | Churches. | Est. Value | Parsonage | Est. Value | Conf. Claimants. | Churches. | S. Schools. | Church Extension Soc'y. | Tract Soc'y. | Bible Soc'y. | S.S. Union. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Huntingdon | Huntingdon | 300 | 5 | 35 | 3 | 35 | 1 | 3000 | 1 | 1000 | | 1 | 1 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| Petersburg | Petersburg | 150 | 2 | 15 | 1 | 15 | 1 | 1000 | 1 | 500 | | 1 | 1 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| Coalmont | Coalmont | 100 | 2 | 10 | 1 | 10 | 1 | 1000 | 1 | 500 | | 1 | 1 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| Cassville | Cassville | 150 | 2 | 15 | 1 | 15 | 1 | 1000 | 1 | 500 | | 1 | 1 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| Saltillo | Saltillo | 100 | 2 | 10 | 1 | 10 | 1 | 1000 | 1 | 500 | | 1 | 1 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| Bedford | Bedford | 150 | 2 | 15 | 1 | 15 | 1 | 1000 | 1 | 500 | | 1 | 1 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| Bloody Run | Bloody Run | 100 | 2 | 10 | 1 | 10 | 1 | 1000 | 1 | 500 | | 1 | 1 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| Bedford | Bedford | 150 | 2 | 15 | 1 | 15 | 1 | 1000 | 1 | 500 | | 1 | 1 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| Schellsburg | Schellsburg | 100 | 2 | 10 | 1 | 10 | 1 | 1000 | 1 | 500 | | 1 | 1 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| Centreville | Centreville | 100 | 2 | 10 | 1 | 10 | 1 | 1000 | 1 | 500 | | 1 | 1 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| Woodbury | Woodbury | 150 | 2 | 15 | 1 | 15 | 1 | 1000 | 1 | 500 | | 1 | 1 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| New Enterprise | New Enterprise | 100 | 2 | 10 | 1 | 10 | 1 | 1000 | 1 | 500 | | 1 | 1 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| Martinsburg | Martinsburg | 150 | 2 | 15 | 1 | 15 | 1 | 1000 | 1 | 500 | | 1 | 1 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| Hollidaysburg | Hollidaysburg | 150 | 2 | 15 | 1 | 15 | 1 | 1000 | 1 | 500 | | 1 | 1 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| Duncansville | Duncansville | 100 | 2 | 10 | 1 | 10 | 1 | 1000 | 1 | 500 | | 1 | 1 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| Frankstown | Frankstown | 100 | 2 | 10 | 1 | 10 | 1 | 1000 | 1 | 500 | | 1 | 1 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| Hollidaysburg | Hollidaysburg | 150 | 2 | 15 | 1 | 15 | 1 | 1000 | 1 | 500 | | 1 | 1 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| Williamsburg | Williamsburg | 150 | 2 | 15 | 1 | 15 | 1 | 1000 | 1 | 500 | | 1 | 1 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| Tyrone | Tyrone | 150 | 2 | 15 | 1 | 15 | 1 | 1000 | 1 | 500 | | 1 | 1 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| Birmingham | Birmingham | 150 | 2 | 15 | 1 | 15 | 1 | 1000 | 1 | 500 | | 1 | 1 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| Tyrone | Tyrone | 150 | 2 | 15 | 1 | 15 | 1 | 1000 | 1 | 500 | | 1 | 1 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| Bellwood | Bellwood | 150 | 2 | 15 | 1 | 15 | 1 | 1000 | 1 | 500 | | 1 | 1 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| Hollidaysburg | Hollidaysburg | 150 | 2 | 15 | 1 | 15 | 1 | 1000 | 1 | 500 | | 1 | 1 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| Newry | Newry | 150 | 2 | 15 | 1 | 15 | 1 | 1000 | 1 | 500 | | 1 | 1 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| Hollidaysburg | Hollidaysburg

# The Globe.

## HUNTINGDON, PA.

[From the N. Y. Tribune.]

### WHAT I KNOW OF FARMING.

BY HORACE GREELEY.

XVI.

*THOROUGH TILLAGE.*

My little, hilly, rocky farm teaches lessons of thoroughness which I would gladly impart to the boys of to-day who are destined to be the farmers of the last quarter of this century. I am sure they will find profit in farming better than their grandfathers did, and especially in putting their land into the best possible condition for effective tillage. There were stones in my fields varying in size from that of a brass kettle up to that of a hay-cock—some of them raising their heads above the surface, others burrowing just below it—which had been plowed around and over perhaps a hundred times, till I went at them with team and bar, or (where necessary) with drill and blast, turned or blew them out, and hauled them away, so that they will interfere with cultivation nevermore. I insist that this a profitable operation—that a field which will not pay for such clearing should be planted with trees and thrown out of cultivation. Decidedly. Dodging and skulking from rock to rock is hard upon team, plow, and plowman, and it can rarely pay. Land ribbed and spotted with fast rocks will pay if judiciously planted with timber—possibly if well set in Fruit—but tilling it from year to year is a thankless task, and its owner may better work by the day for his neighbors than try to make his bread by such tillage.

So with fields soaked by springs or sodden with stagnant water. If you say you cannot afford to drain your wet land, I respond that you can still less afford to till it without draining. If you really cannot afford to fit it for cultivation, your next best cause is to let it severely alone.

A poor man who has a rough, rugged, sterile farm, which he is unable to bring to its best possible condition at once, yet which he clings to and must live from, should resolve that, if life and health be spared him, he will reclaim one field each year until all that is not devoted to timber shall have been brought into high condition.—When his Summer harvest is over, and his Fall crops have received their last cultivation, there will generally be one or two Autumn months which he can devote mainly to his work. Let him take hold of it with resolute purpose to improve every available hour, not by running over the largest possible area, but by dealing with one field so thoroughly that it will need no more during a long lifetime. If it has stones that the plow will reach, dig them out; if it needs draining, drain it so thoroughly that it may hereafter be plowed in Spring, so soon as the frost leaves it; and now let soil and subsoil be so loosened and pulverized that roots may freely penetrate them to a depth of fifteen to twenty inches, finding nourishment all the way, with inducement to go further if ever failing moisture shall render this necessary. Orouth habitually shortens our Fall crops from ten to fifty per cent. It is sure to injure us more gravely as our forests are swept away by axe and fire; and, while much may be done to mitigate its ravages by enriching the soil so as to give your crops an early start, and a rank, luxuriant growth, the farmer's chief reliance must still be a depth of soil adequate to withstand weeks of the fiercest sunshine.

I have considered what is urged as to the choice of roots to run just beneath the surface, and it does not signify. Roots seek at once heat and moisture; if the moisture awaits them close to the surface, of course they mainly run there, because the heat is the greatest. If moisture fails there, they must descend to seek it even at the cost of finding the heat inadequate—though heat increases and descends under the furvid suns which rob the surface of moisture. Make the soil rich and mellow ever so far down, and you need not fear that the roots will descend an inch lower than they should. They understand their business; it is your sagacity that may possibly prove deficient.

I suspect that the average farmer does far too little plowing—by which I mean, not that he plows too few acres, for he often plows too many, but that he should plow oftener as well as deeper and more thoroughly. I spent three or four of my boyish Summers planting and tilling Corn and Potatoes on fields broken up just before they were planted, never cross-plowed, and of course tough and intractable throughout the season. The yield of Corn was middling, considering the season; that of Potatoes more than middling; yet, if those fields had been well plowed in the previous Autumn, cross-plowed early in the Spring, and thoroughly harrowed just before planting-time, I am confident that the yield would have been far greater, and the labor (save in harvesting) rather less—the cost of the Fall plowing being overbalanced by the saving of half the time necessarily given to the planting and hoeing.

Fall Plowing has this recommendation—it lightens labor at the busier season, by transferring it to one of comparative dullness. I may have said that I consider him a good farmer who knows how to make a rainy day equally effective with one that is dry and fair; and, in the same spirit, I count him my master in this art who can make a day's work in Autumn or Winter save a day's work in Spring or Summer. Show me a farmer who has no land plowed when May opens, and is just waking up to a consciousness that his fences need mending and his trees want trimming, and I will guess that the sheriff will be after him before May comes 'round again.

There is no superstition in the belief that land is (or may be) enriched by Fall Plowing. The Autumn Gales are freighted with the more volatile elements of decaying vegetation.—These, taken up wherever they are given off in excess, are wafted to and deposited in the soils best fitted for their reception. Regarded simply as a Method of fortillizing, I do not say that Fall Plowing is the cheapest; I do say that any poor field, if well plowed in the Fall, will be in better heart next Spring, for what wind and rain will meantime have deposited thereon. Frost, too, in any region where the ground freezes, and especially where it freezes and thaws repeatedly, plays an important and beneficent part in aerating and pulverizing a freshly plowed soil, especially one thrown up into ridges, so as to be most thoroughly exposed to the action of the more volatile elements. The farmer who has a good team may profitably keep the plow running in Autumn until every rood that he means to till next season has been thoroughly pulverized.

In this section, our minute chequerwork of fences operates to instruct and impede Plowing. Our predecessors wished to clear their fields, at least superficially, of the loose, troublesome bowlders of granite wherewith they were so thickly sown; they mistakenly fancied that they could lighten their own toil by sending their cattle to graze, browse and gnaw, wherever a crop was not actually on the ground; so they fenced their farms into patches of two or ten acres, and thought they had thereby increased their value! That was a sad miscalculation. Woods, briars and bushes were sheltered and nourished by these walls; weasels, rats, and other destructive animals, found protection and impunity therein; a wide belt on either side was made useless or worse; while Plowing was rendered laborious, difficult and inefficient, by the necessity of turning after every few hundred steps. We are growing slowly wiser, and burying a part of these walls, or building them into concrete barns or other useful structures; but they are still far to plentiful, and need to be dealt with more stornly. O squatter on a wide prairie on the bleak Plains, or in a broad Pacific Valley, where wood must be hauled for miles and loose stone are rarely visible, thank God for thy benignant dispensation which has precluded you from half spoiling your farm by a multiplicity of obstructing, deforming fences, and so left its soil free and open to be everywhere pervaded, loosened, permeated by the renovating Plow!


**The Trial of Bohner and Bodenburg,**

THE PEIGHTAL MURDERERS,

AND

**The Confession of Bodenburg.**

AND

**THE EXECUTION.**

FOR SALE AT LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

**OIL CLOTH WINDOW SHADES**

GILT GOLD SHADES,
MUSLIN SHADES,
*BAILEY'S FIXTURES,*
*TAPE, CORD AND TASSALS*
LL ASSORTMENT
AT LEWIS' BOOK STORE

**U. S.**

**REVENUE STAMPS**

**FOR SALE**

*AT LEWIS' BOOK STORE.*

HUNTINGDON, PENNA.

**DOBBINS'**

ELECTRIC

**BOOT POLISH**

Makes a Lasting Shine.

Those who black their boots on Saturday night with ordinary blacking, don't have much shine on Sunday, as the polish fades off; but the shine of

**DOBBINS' BLACKING**

Lasts Saturday Night and all day Sunday.

IT BEATS ANY OTHER BLACKING MADE.

Manufactured only by J. B. DOBBINS, at his immense Soap and Blacking Works, Sixth Street and Germantown Avenue, Philadelphia, Pa.

For sale by Massey & Co., adjoining Lewis' Book Store, Huntingdon, Pa. nov18

**LIME.**

From the kiln of Geo. Taylor, Marklesburg, proven by chemical analysis to be of the best quality, constantly kept and for sale in any quantity, at the depot o the Huntingdon and Broad Top Railroad.

☞Apply to Henry Leister, Proprietor of the "Broad Top House." jne-62tf

**OUR COLUMN FOR THE PEOPLE.**

**RED FRONT**

**ENTERPRISE STORE.**

**Sugars.**

All kinds, at very small profits. Not offered low to draw you on on other goods. Our prices to continue low, regularly.

**Syrups.**

The best Silver and Golden Drips, genuine Lovering and other Syrups. New Orleans and other Baking Molasses.

**Teas.**

A variety of kinds of best always on hand cheap.

**Coffees.**

Roasted and Green, cheap as the cheapest for the same quality.

**Meat.**

Hams, Shoulders, Sides, Dried Beef, at living prices.

**Cheese.**

The best N. Y. State Goshen and Ohio Cheese.

**Candies.**

The best stick and other candies, wholesale and retail.

**Flour.**

The best Flour by the barrel, sack or pound. Cheaper for the same quality than elsewhere.

**Feed**

By the hundred or smaller quantity.

**Stone-Ware.**

4000 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6 gallon crocks, jars, jugs, and churns, selling cheap.

**GLASS & QUEENSWARE.**

A large stock of Ironstone and Common ware, in setts or by the piece.—Glassware, Earthenware, Fruit Jars, etc, at Red Front, *cheap.*

**Wood and Willow-Ware.**

A large assortment of Baskets, Buckets, Churns, Tubs, etc., etc., at Red Front.

**Fruit, &c.**

Dried Peaches and Apples, Raisins, Prunes, Currants, Elderberries,—Canned Fruit and Vegetables, etc.

**Salt**

By the sack or bushel. Also Dairy Salt.

**Spices, &c.**

All kinds of Spices, and a great variety of notions. Soaps of all kinds and cheap.

**Fish.**

Pickled Salmon, Haddock, Shad, Trout, White Fish, Mackerel, Dry Salt, Quoddy Labrador, Lake and smoked Herring, by the half and quarter barrel, kitt, pound and dozen. All warranted, and cheaper than elsewhere.

**Tobacco.**

The best quality of Tobacco, and cheaper than any other store in town.

**RED STORE.**

**Variety.**

For what you want first call at Enterprise Headquarters where prices will be kept regularly low.

**ENTERPRISE HEADQUARTERS,**

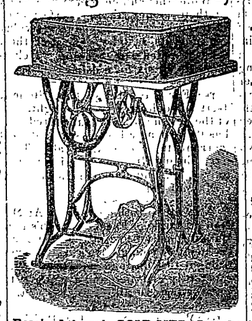
HUNTINGDON, PA.

**WHEELER & WILSON'S**

**HIGHEST PREMIUM**

LOCK STITCH

**Sewing Machines,**



Received the only GOLD MEDAL at the PARIS EXPOSITION, 1867.

They are adapted to all kinds of Family Sewing and to the use of Seamstresses, Dressmakers, Tailors, Manufacturers of Shirts, Collars, Skirts, Cloaks, Mantillas, Clothing, Hats, Caps, Corsets, Linen Goods, Umbrellas, Parasols, etc. They work equally well upon silk, linen, woolen and cotton goods, with silk, cotton or linen thread. They will seam, quilt, gather, hem, fell, cord, braid, bind, and perform every species of sewing, making a beautiful and perfect stitch, alike on both sides of the article sewed.

The qualities which recommend them are:
1. Beauty and excellence of stitch, alike on both sides of the fabric sewed.
2. Strength, firmness and durability of seam, that will not rip nor ravel.
3. Economy of Thread.
4. Attachments and wide range of application to purposes and materials.
5. Compactness and elegance of model and finish.
6. Simplicity and thoroughness of construction.
7. Speed, ease of operation and management, and quietness of movement.

*Instructions free to all.* Machines *kept in repair* one year free of charge.

U. B. LEWIS, Agent,

Jy17-1y HUNTINGDON, PA.

SELF BASTING

*SEWING MACHINES.*

A Patent Self Baster has been attached to the celebrated GROVER & BAKER SEWING MACHINES.

The above machines will make either the chain or Lock Stitch, (stitch alike on both surfaces). Call and see them work. For further information write to or call on

GREENE & BRO.,
Leistor's Building, up stairs.

April 25-tf. Huntingdon, Pa.

**BARGAINS.**

I have been requested by the owners of the following Sewing Machines to dispose of them if possible at the prices annexed, as they wish to procure Singer machines in their place:

One Grover & Baker Machine, loop stitch, in good running order, cost $90, will take $50; one Florence machine with tucker &c., cost $80, will take (good order) $55, one Grover & Baker machine, loop stitch, with box, cost $65, will take $45; one Wilcox & Gibbs, cost $65, will take $30; one Grover & Baker machine, good running order, cost $85, will take $40; one Parker Machine, with cover, will hold, cost $90; will take $35; one fine Grover & Baker Machine, never been used, cost with tucker, extra hemmers &c., $78, will take $70.

Letters for information and orders for the celebrated Singer Machine to be addressed to

July 28-tf J. C. BLAIR, Huntingdon, Pa.

**HUNTINGDON**

MONUMENTS, HEADSTONES, ETC.

MARBLE YARD.

J. M. GREEN & F. O. BEAVER

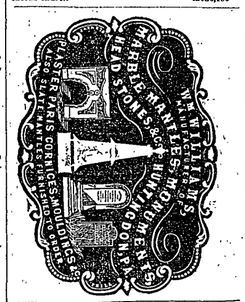
Having entered into partnership, inform the public that they are prepared to execute all styles of

**Plain and ornamental Marble Work**

Such as MONUMENTS, HEADSTONES, also Building Work, at as low prices as any shop in the county

Orders from a distance promptly attended to.

Shop on MIFFLIN street, a few doors east of the Lutheran church mh6,1867




**READ AND BE POSTED!**

*TO THE NEWLY MARRIED*

AND ALL IN WANT OF

**New Furniture, &c.**

THE undersigned would respectfully announce that he manufactures and keeps constantly on hand a large and splendid assortment of

DINING AND BREAKFAST TABLES,
BUREAUS, BEDSTEADS
WASH AND CANDLE STANDS

Windsor and cane seat chairs, cupboards, gilt and rosewood moulding for mirror and picture frames, and a variety of articles not mentioned, at prices that cannot fail to be satisfactory.

He is also agent for the well known Bailey & Decamp patent spring Bed Bottom.

The public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing *elsewhere.*

Work and sales room on Hill street, near Smith, one door west of Yeater's store.

JAMES HIGGINS.

Huntingdon, Aug. 1, 1866

**FURNITURE!**

J. M. WISE,

Manufacturer and Dealer in

**FURNITURE,**

Respectfully invites the attention of the Public to his stand on Hill st., Huntingdon, in the rear of George W Swarts' Watch and Jewelry store, where he manufactures and keeps all kinds of Furniture at reduced prices. Persons wishing to purchase, will do well to give him a call.

Repairing of all kinds attended to promptly and charges reasonable.

☞ Also, Undertaking carried on, and Coffins made in any style desired, at short notice.

The subscriber has a

*NEW AND ELEGANT HEARSE*

and is prepared to attend Funerals at any place in town or country.

J. M. WISE.

Huntingdon, May 9, 1866-tf

BUSINESS MEN, TAKE NOTICE!

If you want your card neatly printed on envelopes, call at

*LEWIS BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE*

**WHARTON & MAGUIRE,**

HILL STREET,

**HUNTINGDON, PA.,**

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

DEALERS IN

Foreign and Domestic

**HARDWARE,**

**CUTLERY, &C.**

The attention of

MECHANICS, FARMERS, BUILDERS,

and buyers generally, is invited to the fact that we are now offering a BETTER ASSORTMENT of

**HARDWARE, CUTLERY &C.,**

than can be found elsewhere in this part of the State, at prices to suit the times. Our stock comprises all articles in this line of business, embracing a general assortment of TOOLS and MATERIALS used by CARPENTERS, BLACKSMITHS, CARRIAGE and WAGON MAKERS JOINERS, &c., &c., together with a large stock of

*Iron, Steel, Nails, Spikes, Railroad and Mining Supplies, Saddlery, Rope, Chains, Grindstones, Circular, Mill and Cross-Cut Saws, Enamelled, Finished and Plain Hollow Ware.*

*Coal Oil Lamps and Lanterns, Oil and Powder Cans.*

An excellent assortment of

**Fine Cutlery,**

Comprising

KNIVES, FORKS, DESSERT, TEA AND TABLE SPOONS, SCISSORS, RAZORS, &C.

BRITTANIA & SILVER PLATED WARE.

**Household, Horticultural and Farm Implements,**

*Of the latest and most improved patterns,*

CONSTANTLY ON HAND AND FOR SALE

*AT MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.*

**CARRIAGE & WAGON MAKERS**

Will find a general assortment of material for their use consisting in part of

*Carriage Trimmings, Hubs, Spokes, Rims, Axles, Springs, Nuts, Bolts, Washers, Malleable Irons, Patent and enamelled Leather, Whips, Tongues, Sockets, Shafts, &c.*

**BLACKSMITHS**

Can be supplied with

ANVILS, BELLOWS, VICES,
SLEDGES, HAMMERS,
HORSE AND MULE SHOES,
Horse Nails, and all kinds of Iron & Steel

**CARPENTERS**

Will find the our establishment a superior stock of

PLANES,
SAWS,
AUGERS,
HATCHETS,
HAMMERS,
FILES,
CHISELS,
HINGES,
SCREWS,
LOCKS,
BOLTS,
PULLEYS,
SASH-CORDS, &C., &C.

**MINING AND MINERS' GOODS.**

NAILS and SPIKES, of all varieties

BLASTING POWDER, FUSE,

*COAL PICKS AND SHOVELS.*

**Farmers**

Can be accommodated with everything in their line from a Grain Separator to a Whet-stone.

**Builders**

Are especially invited to call and examine our stock of

**BUILDING HARDWARE**

and compare our prices with others.

**Agricultural Implements,**

Comprising the famous Russell

**Reaper, Mower, and Dropper, combined,**

Rundell's First Premium HORSE PITCHFORK,
Rakes,
Scythes,
Hoes,
Hay Forks,
Trace and Halter Chains,
Breast Chains,
Cow Ties,
Curry Combs,
Cards, &c., &c., &c.

Among the specialties of our House, we desire to call attention to the celebrated

**OHIO PUMP,**

The exclusive right to sell which is vested in us. Send for acircular and get full particulars of same, and satisfy yourself of its superior qualities.

**SCALES.**

Scales of all sizes and descriptions, including

*Tea and Counter Scales, Platform Scales, Grocers' and Druggists' Scales, Rolling Mill, Wheelbarrow, Pork, Portable, Hopper, Miners and Transportation, Hay, Cattle and Coal Scales,*

FURNISHED AT MANUFACTURERS' CASH PRICES.

The largest and best assortment of

**GLASS, PAINTS, OIL & PUTTY,**

Ever offered in this place.

A GREAT VARIETY OF

**COOK & PARLOR STOVES.**

ALL SIZES OF

*NAILS AND BRADS,*

By the keg. Very low!

Best Norway nail, rod, bar an hoop Iron.

STEEL, of all sizes and descriptions.

WAGON BOXES,

CARRIAGE SPRINGS,

IRON AND BRASS WIRE.

**Lard, Lubricating and Coal Oil,**

By the barrel or gallon, at very low figures.

☞A call is respectfully solicited, feeling confident that our goods and prices will not fail to please. ☜

WHARTON & MAGUIRE.

Huntingdon, May 7, 1867

**Philadelphia Advertisements.**

A WORD TO

**CONSUMPTIVES.**

Being a short and practical treatise on the nature, causes, and symptoms of *Pulmonary Consumption, Bronchitis,* and *Asthma;* and their *prevention, treatment,* and *cure* by *inhalation.* Sent by mail free. Address C. VAN HUMMELL, M. D., 10 West Fourteenth St., N. Y. dy14-1y

H. C. ROHM. GEO. W. ELLIS.

**ROHM & ELLIS,**

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

**China, Glass & Queensware,**

433 MARKET ST., NORTH SIDE,

BELOW FIFTH STREET,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

June 20, 1869

**ISAAC K. STAUFFER,**

*WATCHES and JEWELRY,*

No. 148 North 2d Street, corner of Quarry,

PHILADELPHIA.

An assortment of Watches, Jewelry, Silver and Plated Ware constantly on hand.

☞Repairing of Watches and Jewelry promptly attended to. Aug. 11-1y

ESTABLISHED 1867.

**A. POSTLETHWAITE CO,**

**General Commission Merchants**

FOR THE SALE OF

Wheat, Corn, Oats, Rye, Bark, Butter, Eggs, Lard, Poultry, &c.,

*No. 264 South Front Street,*

A. G. Postlethwaite, J. C. McNaughton. Philadelphia. may26-1y

**ARCH ST. CARPET WAREHOUSE,**

832 ARCH STREET,

BELOW NINTH STREET, PHILADELPHIA

The Old Established Stand!

Receiving for the Spring Trade a large stock of the New Styles of

**CARPETINGS,**

Purchased at the Lowest GOLD RATES, and will be sold at a great reduction from last season's prices.

ENGLISH BRUSSELS at $1 50, and all other goods in proportion.

JOSEPH BLACKWOOD,
Mh30-3m 832 Arch Street, Philadelphia.

**FURNITURE.**

**JOSEPH WALTON & CO.,**

*CABINET MAKERS,*

*No. 413 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa.*

Our establishment is one of the oldest in Philadelphia, and from long experience and superior facilities we are prepared to furnish good work at reasonable prices.

We manufacture fine furniture; and also medium-priced furniture of superior quality. A large stock of furniture always on hand. Goods made to order.

Counters, Desk-Work and Office Furniture for Banks, Offices and Stores, made to order.

JOS. WALTON. J. W. LIPPINCOTT. JOS L. SCOTT, ddly-1

HUTTON & McCONNELL,

**Furniture Warerooms,**

No. 809 MARKET STREET,

*North Side,*

PHILADELPHIA.

**PARLOR, DINING-ROOM**

AND

CHAMBER FURNITURE,

Of the Latest Styles and best manufacture

ALSO

FEATHER BEDS and MATTRESSES.

feb. 23, 3m.

**BAUGH'S**

RAW BONE

**SUPER-PHOSPHATE OF LIME,**

TRADE MARK

SPRING 1870.

**Farmers**

Increase your crop of

CORN, OATS, POTATOES, WHEAT, AND GRASS,

As well as

ADD TO THE FERTILITY OF YOUR SOIL,

By a Judicious and Economical mode of

**MANURING.**

*Get the value of your outlay the first season. Obtain better filled ears and heavier grain. Keep your soil free from noxious weeds. Make your land permanently fertile.*

Over SIXTEEN years of constant use, on all crops, has proven that Baugh's Raw Bone Phosphate may be depended upon by Farmers.

HIGHLY IMPROVED AND STANDARD WARRANTED

For Sale by Agricultural Dealers generally.

**BAUGH & SONS,**

MANUFACTURERS,

Office, No. 20 South Delaware Avenue

PHILADELPHIA.

**J. E. CALDWELL & CO.**

**JEWELERS,**

AND

**IMPORTERS,**

902 CHESTNUT STREET,

KEEP ONLY

FIRST-CLASS GOODS.

AN IMMENSE VARIETY OF

GOLD WATCHES,
DIAMONDS,
JEWELRY,
SILVER WARE,
WEDDING SILVER,
PLATED WARE,
CLOCKS, BRONZES,
FOREIGN FANCY GOODS,
FINE PAINTINGS, &c., &c.

All persons, desiring really fine articles, reliable in quality and moderate in price, are certain to be pleased by our exceedingly large and varied collection. Our stock is kept always fresh by additions from first sources.

Our store is pronounced one of the most elegant in the world; and any parties visiting the city are cordially invited to call and inspect it at their leisure.

Jan. 10, '70-1y.

PUMPS! PUMPS!! PUMPS!!!

BLATCHLEY'S

**Cucumber Wood Pumps!**

*The Best and Cheapest Pumps made!*

Durable, Reliable, Accurate and Perfect, and give no taste to the water.

They are adapted to depth of well up to 45 feet, and THROW WATER very easily and rapidly. Any one can put them up and keep them in repair, and when put up according to Directions, they never fail to give PERFECT SATISFACTION.

for cisterns or any

ASK FOR BLATCHLEY'S

CUCUMBER WOOD PUMPS.

☞ Every Pump sold by me or my authorized agents guaranteed genuine.

CHARLES G. BLATCHLEY,
Manufacturer,
mh20-3m 624 and 626 Filbert St., Philadelphia, P

**GET THE BEST**

**READY ROOFING**

Suitable for all Buildings, Dwellings, Stores, Churches Factories, &c; and for all climates; equally adapted to flat or steep roofs, and can be applied by any ordinary workman.

**THE READY ROOFING**

Is more durable than tin, and does not cost one-half as much. It is cheaper than shingles, far more durable, and fire-proof. It is made of the heaviest fabric ever used for the purpose, and is put up in rolls ready for shipment to any part of the world. Send for circular and samples (sent free.)

We also manufacture

GRANITE CEMENT,

For repairing all kinds of leaky roofs, chimneys, sky lights, &c. This Roofing Cement forms a permanent adhesive coating over the whole surface of all roofs, whether tin, shingle or composition, completely closing up leakages, and being composed largely of ground granite, which sets and hardens, and soon becomes an artificial Slate or Stone covering.

ROOF PAINT,

For coating Tin and all kinds of metal and composition roofs. It will not run, crack, or peel off, but form a permanent and perfect protection, wherever placed. It is furnished at half the cost, and possesses twice the durability of the common oil paints used for such purposes.

County rights for sale.

For Circulars and all particulars, Address

READY ROOFING COMPANY,

de1-6m 81 NAIDEN LANE, N. Y.

UNITED STATES

**Authorized WAR CLAIM AGENCY**

HUNTINGDON, PA.

**SOLDIERS' HEIRS, ATTENTION!**

The act of Congress approved March 2, 1867, gives to Heirs of Soldiers who died Prisoners of war,

COMMUTATION FOR RATIONS,

for the time the soldier was so held a prisoner, at the rate of twenty-five cents per day, to be paid in the following order: 1st. To the widow, if unmarried; 2d. To the children; 3d. To the parents, to both jointly if they are living, if either is dead, to the survivor; 4th. To the brothers and sisters.

The act of February 28, 1867, provides for the refunding of the $300 Commutation Money, where the same person was again drafted, and was required to enter the service or furnish a substitute.

**DISCHARGED SOLDIERS.**

The act of March 2, 1867, also makes provisions for the payment of the

$100 ADDITIONAL BOUNTY,

to such soldiers as have accidentally lost their discharges

All persons having any claims under any of the above mentioned Acts, or any other kind of claim against the United States, or State Governments, can have them promptly collected, by addressing the undersigned. Information and advice cheerfully given to soldiers or their friends, free of charge.

W. H. WOODS,
*Authorized Army and Navy War-Claim Agent,*
may9,'2186?-1y HUNTINGDON, Huntingdon co., Pa.


**READING RAIL ROAD.**

WINTER ARRANGEMENT,

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1869.

GREAT TRUNK LINE FROM THE North and North-West for PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK, READING, POTTSVILLE, TAMAQUA, ASHLAND, SHAMOKIN LABANON, ALLENTOWN, EASTON, BETHLEHEM, LITITZ, LANCASTER, COLUMBIA, &c., &c.

Trains leave Harrisburg for New York, as follows: At 2 30, 5 35 and 8.10 A. M., and at 12 20 noon, 2.55, 11 p. m., connecting with similar trains on the Pennsylvania R. R. and arriving at New York at 10.15, 8 m; and 12.05, noon, 3.35, 6.05 and 100.000 p. m., and 6.00 a. m., respectively. Sleeping cars accompany the 2.30 and 5.35 a. m. and 12.20 noon trains without change.

Leave Harrisburg for Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Minersville, Ashland, Shamokin, Pine Grove, Allentown, and Philadelphia at 8 10 A. M., and 2 55 and 4 10 P. M., the 2.55 stopping at Lebanon only; 4 10 P. M., train making connections for Philadelphia Pottsville, Columbia and all intermediate stations between said points only. For Pottsville, Schuylkill Haven and Auburn, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna R. R., leave Harrisburg at 3 40 P. M.

Returning, leave NEW-YORK at 9 A. M., 12.00 noon, and 6.00 and 8.00 P. M.; Philadelphia at 8.15 A. M. and 3.30 P. M.; Sleeping cars accompany the 9.00 a. m and 8.00 and 9.00 p m trains from New York without change.

Way Passenger train leaves Philadelphia at 7 30 A. M., connecting with similar train on East Penna. Railroad, returning from Reading at 6.35 p m stopping at all stations.

Leave Pottsville at 8.40 and 9.00 a. m., and 3.05 p. m.; Herndon at 9 30 a. m., Shamokin at 5 40 and 10.40 a m Ashland 7 05 a m, and 12.30 noon, Tamaqua at 8 25 a m and 2.20 p. m, for Philadelphia and New York.

Leave Pottsville, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad at 8 15 a. m. for Harrisburg, and 11 30 A. M. for Pine Grove and Tuscarora.

Reading Accomm. Passenger Train leaves Pottsville at 5.45 a m. passes Reading at 7.30 a m, arriving at Philadelphia at 10.30 a m, returning, leaves Philadelphia at 4.45 P. M., Passing Reading at 7.40 p. m., arriving at Pottsville at 9.30 p m.

Pottstown Accommodation Train: Leaves Pottstown 6.25 a m., returning leaves Philadelphia at 4.00 p. m.,

Columbia Railroad Trains leave Reading at 7 15 A. M. and 6 15 P. M., for Ephrata, Lititz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c.

Perkiomen Railroad trains leave Perkiomen Junction at 9.00 a m 3 10 and 6.30 p m returning leave Schwenksville at 6.10, 8 12 a m, and 12.45 noon, connecting with similar trains on Reading Railroad.

Colebrookdale railroad Trains leave Pottstown at 8 45 a m, and 6.20 p m, for Mt. Pleasant, arriving there at 10.20 a. m. and 7.20 p. m; returning, leave Mt. Pleasant at 7.00 and 11.00 a. m., connecting with similar trains on Reading railroad.

Chester Valley railroad Trains leave Bridgeport at 8.30 a m, 2.05 and 5.52 p m, returning, leave Downingtown at 6.30 a m, 12.45 and 5.15 p m, connecting with trains on Reading railroad.

On Sundays, leave New York at 5, 8 00 p m; Philadelphia, 8 a m and 3 15 P. M., the 8 a m train running only to Reading; leave Pottsville 8 A. M., Harrisburg 5 35 a m, 4 10 and 10.00 p m, and Reading 12 45, midnight; 7 15 a m for Harrisburg, and 7 20 a. m., and 12.55 midnight for N. Y, and at 9.40 a m., and 4.25 p m. for Philadelphia.

Commutation, Mileage, Season, School, and Excursion Tickets to and from all points at reduced rates.

Baggage checked through: 100 pounds Baggage allowed each Passenger.

G. A. NICOLLS,
Reading, Nov. 22, 1869. *General Superintendent.*

**PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD.**

TIME OF LEAVING OF TRAINS

*SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.*

| WESTWARD. | | | | | EASTWARD. | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| MAIL. | PACIFIC EXPRESS. | WAY PASSENGER. | PITTSBURG EXPRESS. | STATIONS. | PITTSBURG EXPRESS. | MAIL. | PACIFIC EXPRESS. | HARRISBURG ACCOM. |
| P. M. | A. M. | A. M. | A. M. | | A. M. | P. M. | A. M. | A. M. |
| 4 31 | ..... | 11 53 | ..... | N. Hamilton, | ..... | 1 17 | 9 12 | 6 32 |
| 4 59 | ..... | 12 00 | 5 54 | Mt. Union, | ..... | 6 10 | 9 24 | |
| 5 09 | ..... | 12 08 | ..... | Mapleton, | ..... | 6 02 | 9 18 | |
| 5 17 | ..... | 12 16 | 6 10 | Mill Creek, | ..... | 5 52 | 9 05 | |
| 5 30 | 7 37 | 2 22 | 6 26 | Huntingdon, | 11 14 | 4 36 | 8 50 | |
| 5 48 | ..... | 2 53 | ..... | Petersburg, | ..... | 4 18 | 8 29 | |
| 5 58 | ..... | 1 03 | ..... | Barree, | ..... | 4 09 | 8 20 | |
| 6 07 | ..... | 1 10 | 6 58 | Spruce Creek, | ..... | 4 02 | 8 12 | |
| 6 22 | ..... | 1 20 | ..... | Birmingham, | ..... | 3 49 | 8 00 | |
| 6 31 | 8 22 | 1 34 | ..... | Tyrone, | 10 24 | 3 40 | 7 52 | |
| 6 41 | ..... | 1 45 | ..... | Tipton, | ..... | 3 30 | 7 40 | |
| 6 47 | ..... | 1 53 | ..... | Fosters, | ..... | 3 22 | 7 34 | |
| 6 54 | ..... | 2 00 | 7 42 | Bell's Mills, | ..... | 3 20 | 7 29 | |
| 7 15 | 8 55 | 2 20 | 8 00 | Altoona, | 10 05 | 3 00 | 7 10 | |
| P. M. | A. M. | P. M. | A. M. | | A. M. | P. M. | A. M. | P. M. |

The PHILA. EXPRESS Eastward leaves Altoona at 9 05 P. M. and arrives at Huntingdon at 10 21 P. M.

The FAST LINE Eastward leaves Altoona at 12 35 A. M., and arrives at Huntingdon at 1 45 A. M.

The CINCINNATI EXPRESS Eastward leaves Altoona at 5 45, P. M. and arrives at Huntingdon at 7 04 P. M.

PACIFIC EXPRESS Eastward, leaves Altoona at 7 05 A. M. and passes Huntingdon at 8 05 A. M.

CINCINNATI EXPRESS Westward leaves Huntingdon at 3.32 A M and arrives at Altoona 4 50 A M

The FAST LINE Westward, passes Huntingdon at 7 06 P. M. and arrives at Altoona at 8 12 P. M.

**HUNTINGDON & BROAD TOP RAILROAD,**

SPRING ARRANGEMENT.

On and after THURSDAY, MAY 6th, 1870, Passenger Trains will arrive and depart as follows:

| UP TRAINS. | | | DOWN TRAINS. | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| EXPRESS. | MAIL. | STATIONS. | EXPRESS. | MAIL. | |
| P. M. | A. M | | A. M. | P. M. | |
| LE 8 35 | LE 8 00 | Huntingdon, | AR 9 28 | ARR 20. | |
| 5 42 | 8 08 | Long Siding, | 9 18 | 4 12 | |
| 5 50 | 8 20 | McConnellstown, | 9 02 | 3 58 | |
| 6 03 | 8 27 | Pleasant Grove, | 8 55 | 3 48 | |
| 6 18 | 8 41 | Marklesburg, | 8 41 | 3 32 | |
| 6 23 | 9 55 | Coffee Run, | 8 18 | 3 16 | |
| 6 30 | 9 02 | Rough & Ready, | 8 10 | 3 09 | |
| 6 35 | 9 18 | Cove, | 7 55 | 2 55 | |
| 7 00 | 9 22 | Fishers Summit, | 7 51 | 2 51 | |
| AR 7 17 | 9 40 | Saxton, | LE 7 35 | 2 35 | |
| | 10 08 | Hildlesburg, | | 2 07 | |
| | 10 16 | Hopewell, | | 2 00 | |
| | 10 31 | Piper's Run, | | 1 40 | |
| | 10 53 | Tatesville, | | 1 20 | |
| | 11 06 | Bloody Run, | | 1 05 | |
| | AR 11 10 | Mount Dallas, | | LEI 00 | |

SHOUP'S RUN BRANCH.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| LE 7 25 | LE 10 00 | Saxton, | AR 7 30 | AR 2 20 | |
| 7 40 | 10 15 | Coalmont, | 7 15 | 2 05 | |
| 7 45 | 10 20 | Crawford, | 7 10 | 2 00 | |
| AR 7 55 | AR 10 30 | Dudley, | LE 7 00 | LE 1 50 | |

[Broad Top City,]

Huntingdon May 5, '70. JOHN MKILLIPS, Supt.


**TO THE LADIES!**

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